

Zonnet[®]

Wireless High Gain Wireless N Router

Model # ZSR9104WE



User Manual

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Chapter 1 Introduction

Welcome

Thank you for purchasing Zonet ZSR9104WE – High Gain Wireless N Router! This high cost-efficiency router is the best choice for Small office / Home office users, all computers and network devices can share a single xDSL / cable modem internet connection at high speed. Easy install procedures allows any computer users to setup a network environment in very short time - within minutes, even inexperienced. When the number of your computers and network-enabled devices grow, you can also expand the number of network slot by simple attach a hub or switch, to extend the scope of your network!

All computers and IEEE 802.11b/g/n wireless-enabled network devices (including PDA, cellular phone, game console, and more!) can connect to ZSR9104WE without additional cabling. The MIMO technology also gives you the highest speed of wireless experience ever! With a compatible wireless card installed in your PC, you can transfer file for up to 300Mbps! The radio coverage is also doubled, so don't worry if your office or house is really big!

Moreover, the user-friendly Setup Wizard on the installation CD can assist you to set up ZSR9104WE easily. It also can be managed or configured through Local/Remote easy-to-use Web-based utility.

Contents of Package

- One ZSR9104WE
- One CD w/User Manual
- One Quick Installation Guide
- Two 7dBi Antennas
- One Antenna Base
- One Wall Mount Kit
- One Cradle
- One Power Adapter
- One RJ-45 Ethernet Cable

Contact your local authorized reseller or the store purchased from for any items damaged and/or missing.

System Requirements

- Internet connection, provided by xDSL or cable modem with a RJ-45 Ethernet port.
- Computer or network devices with wired or wireless network interface card.
- Web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 or above, Firefox 2.0 or above).
- An available power socket (100–240V, 50/60Hz)

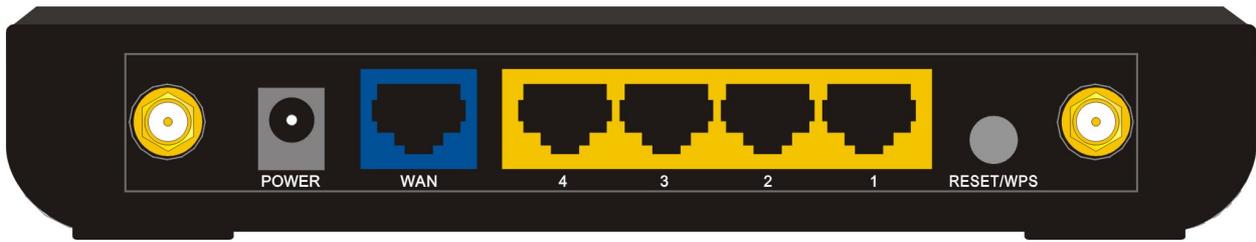
Getting to Know Your ZSR9104WE

Top Panel



LED Indicator	Status	Description
POWER	ON	ZSR9104WE is switched on and correctly powered
SYS	Flashing	Indicates the system works normally.
WAN	ON	Indicates WAN port is connected
	Flashing	Indicates WAN activity (transferring or receiving data)
WLAN	Flashing	Indicates the wireless signal is OK.
LAN(1/2/3/4)	ON	Indicates LAN port is connected
	Flashing	Indicates LAN activity (transferring or receiving data)
WPS	Flashing	Indicates ZSR9104WE is negotiating with WPS clients in WPS Mode (PBC or PIN).

Rear Panel



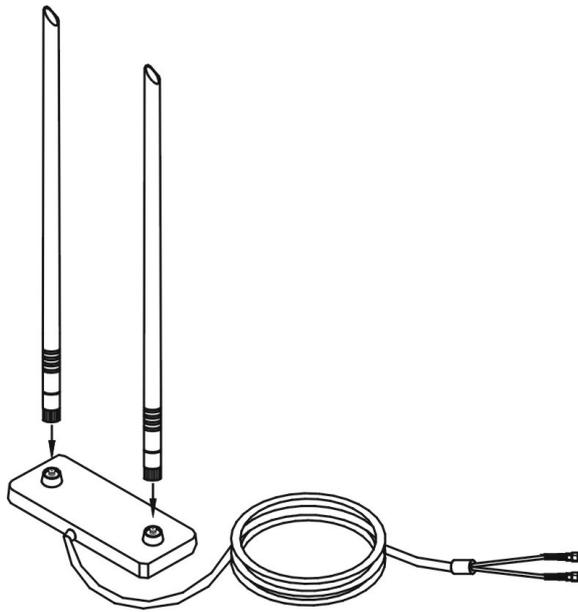
Item Name	Description
Antenna	These antennas are 7dBi dipole antennas.
POWER	Power connector, connects to power adapter
WAN	Wide Area Network (WAN / Internet) port.
1-4 (LAN Ports)	Local Area Network (LAN) ports 1 to 4
RESET/WPS	Reset ZSR9104WE to factory default settings (clear all settings) or start WPS function. Press this button and hold for 7 seconds to restore all settings to factory defaults, and press this button for 1 second to start WPS function.

Chapter 2 Installation

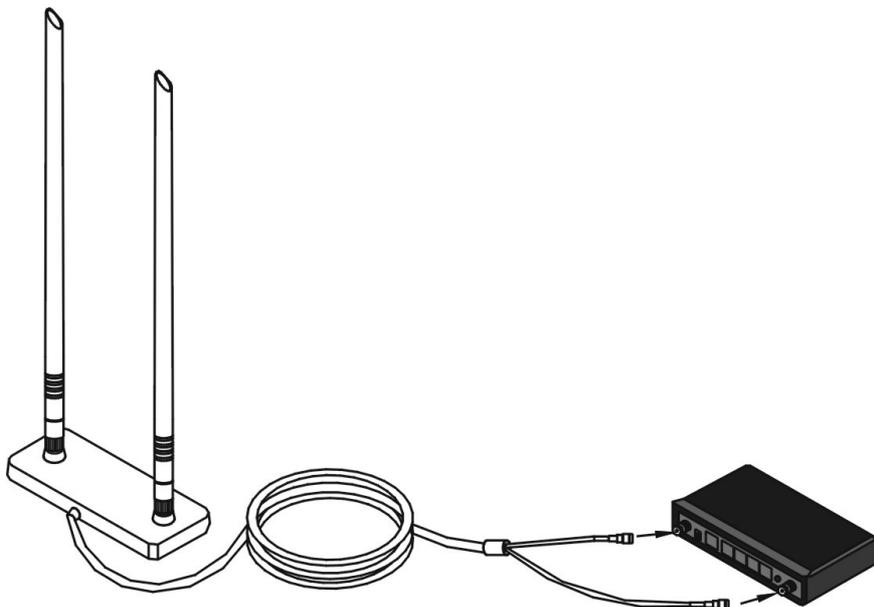
Hardware Installation

Note: Before connecting ZSR9104WE, be sure to power off your computer, DSL/Cable modem, and ZSR9104WE.

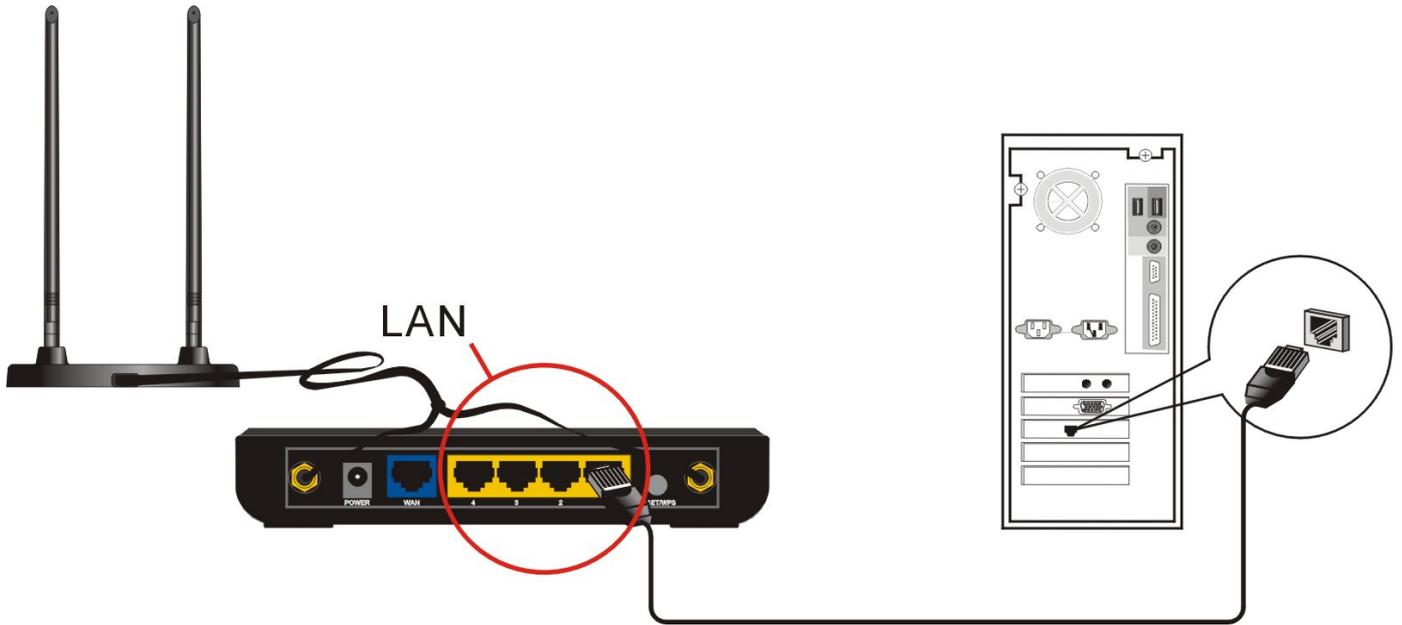
1. Screw 2 applied antennas to the antenna base.



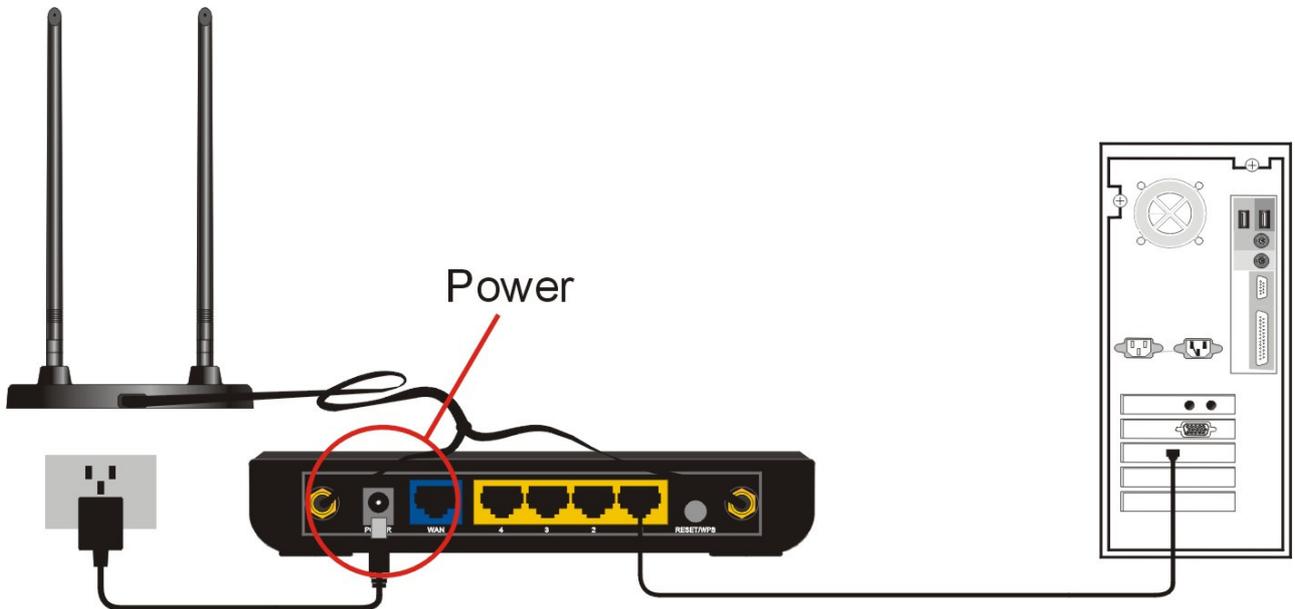
2. Attach the antennas to ZSR9104WE by connecting 2 antenna connectors at the end of the cable.



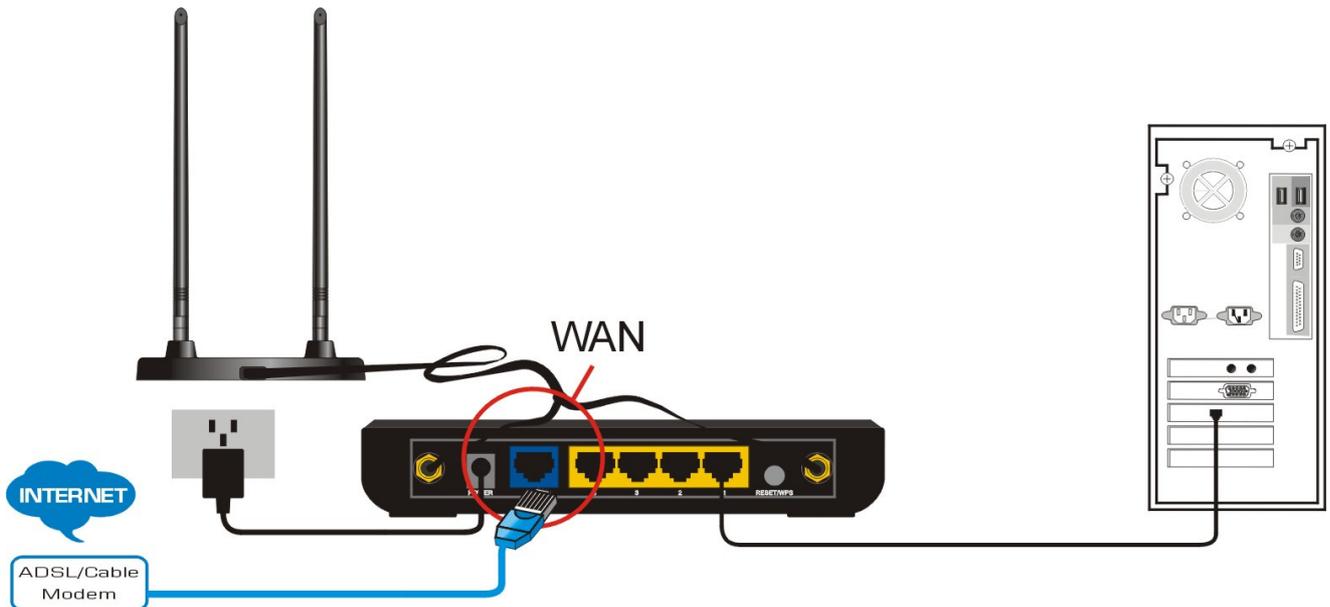
3. Connect all your computers, network devices (network-enabled consumer devices other than computers, like game console, or switch / hub) to the LAN port of ZSR9104WE.



4. Connect the power adapter to the wall socket, and then connect it to the "Power" socket of ZSR9104WE.



5. Connect your xDSL / cable modem to the WAN port of ZSR9104WE by Ethernet cable.



6. Please check all LEDs on the top panel.

- POWER LED should be steadily on.
- WAN and LAN LEDs should be on if the computer / network device connected to the respective port of ZSR9104WE is powered on and correctly connected.

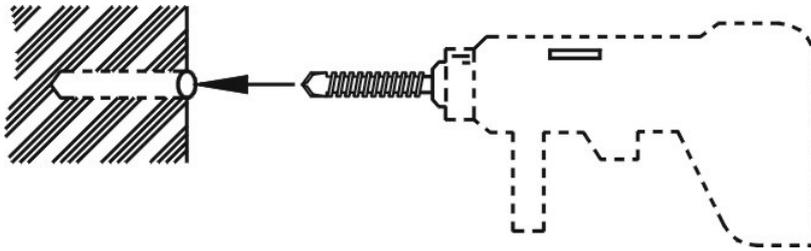
Note: If any LED you expected is not on, please recheck the cabling, or jump to "**Troubleshooting**" for possible reasons and solution.

Wall Mount Installation

ZSR9104WE comes with an antenna base which can be mounted onto the wall.

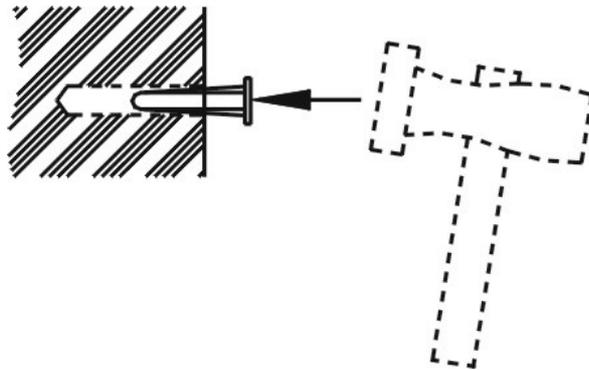
When installing the antenna base on a wall, the mounting kit must be first installed onto the wall.

1. Determine the optimal location for the antenna base before beginning.
2. Mark 2 holes 10cm apart from each other by pencil and drill the holes into the wall.

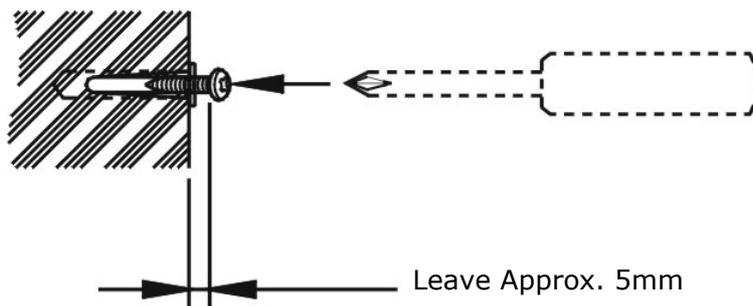


Note: Ensure you are using the 3mm (1.8 inch) drill bit size and type for the wall.

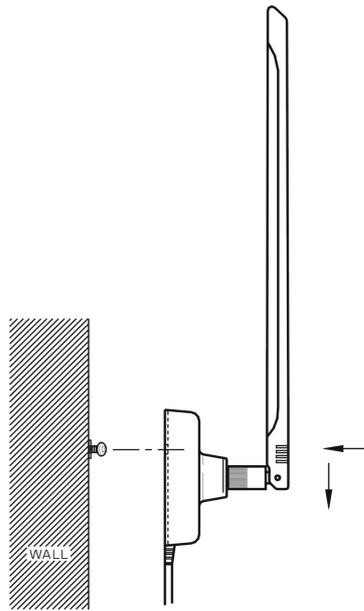
3. Hammer the included anchors into the wall until seated flush.



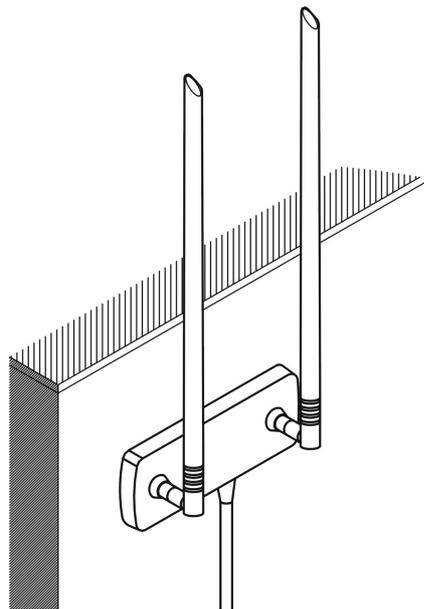
4. Drive the included screws into the anchors until leaving approx. 5mm screw exposed.



5. Mount the antenna on to the wall.



6. For the best performance, adjust the antennas to an optimal position.

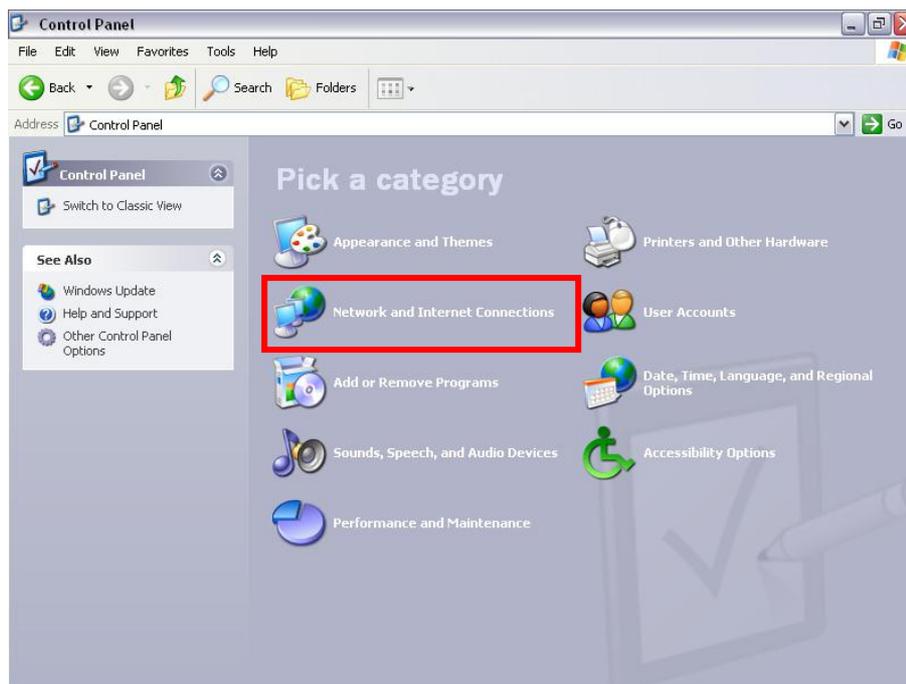


Chapter 3 Configure Your Computer

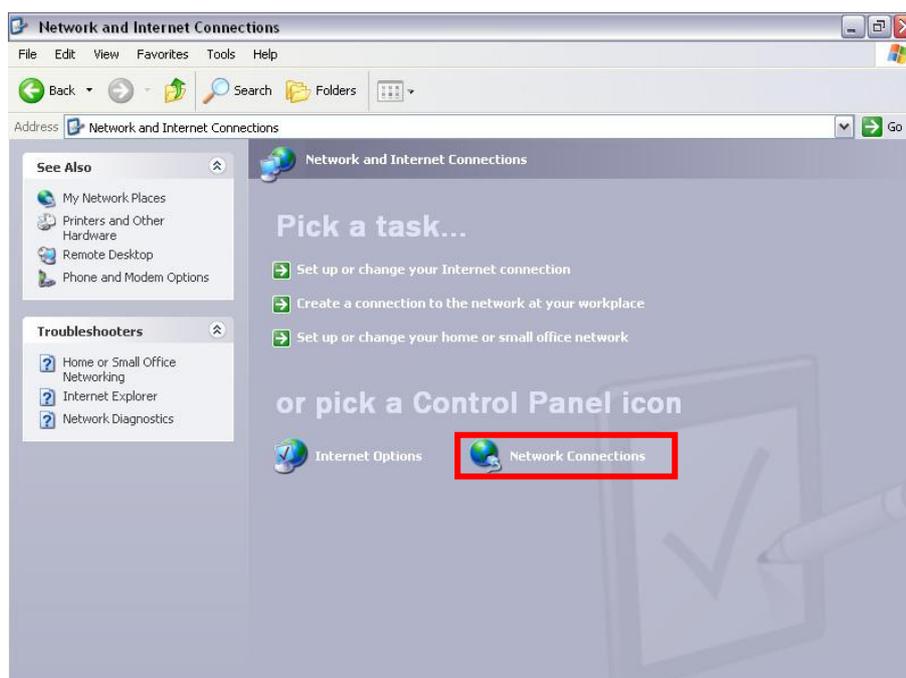
TCP/IP Address Setting

a. Windows 2000 / Windows XP

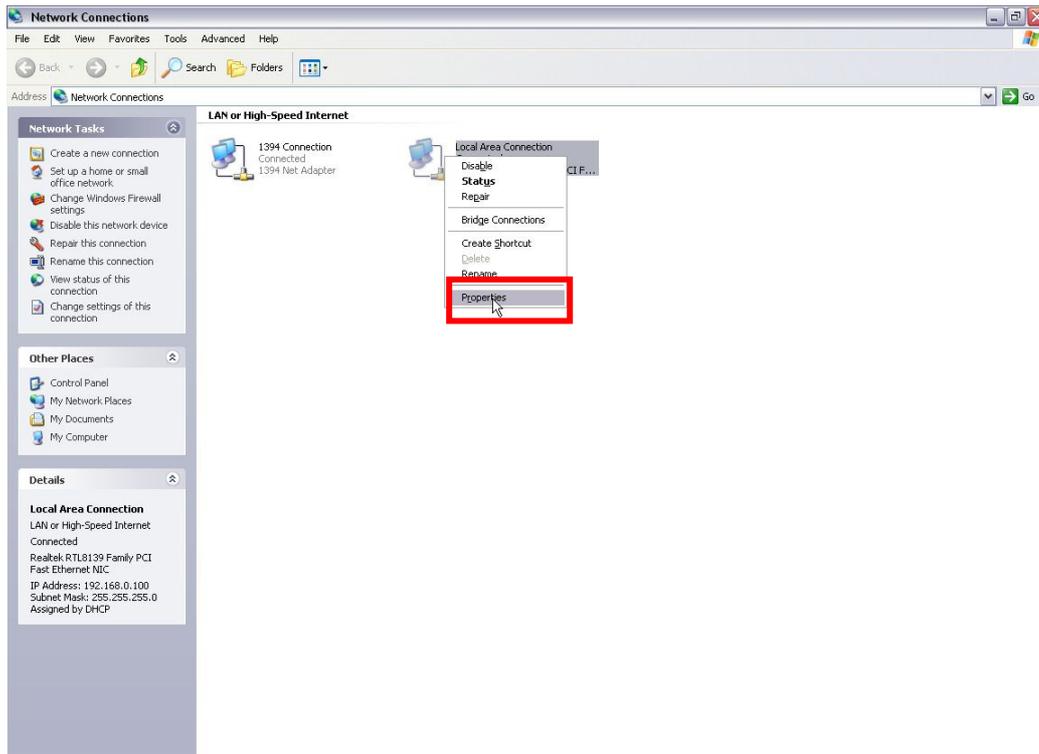
1. Click **Start** → **Control Panel** → **Network and Internet Connections**



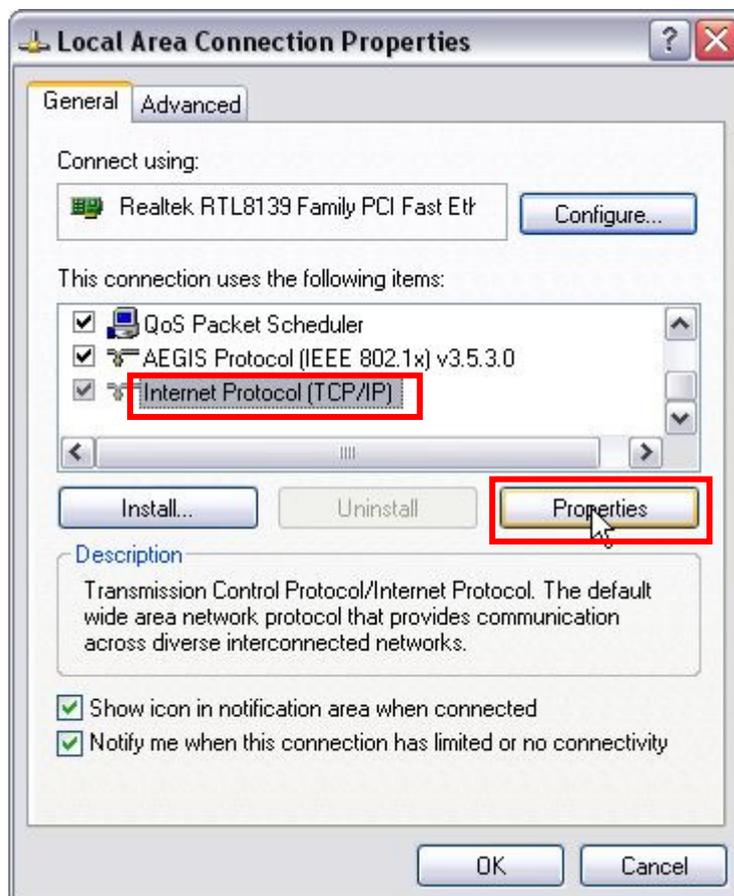
2. Click **Network Connections**



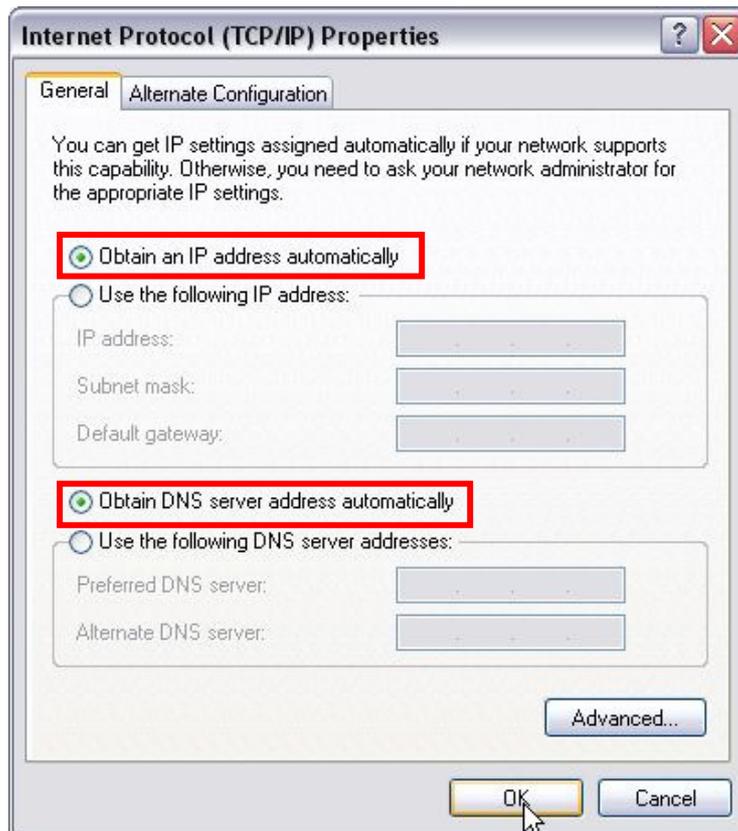
3. Right click **Local Area Network Connection** and select **Properties**.



4. Select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties**.

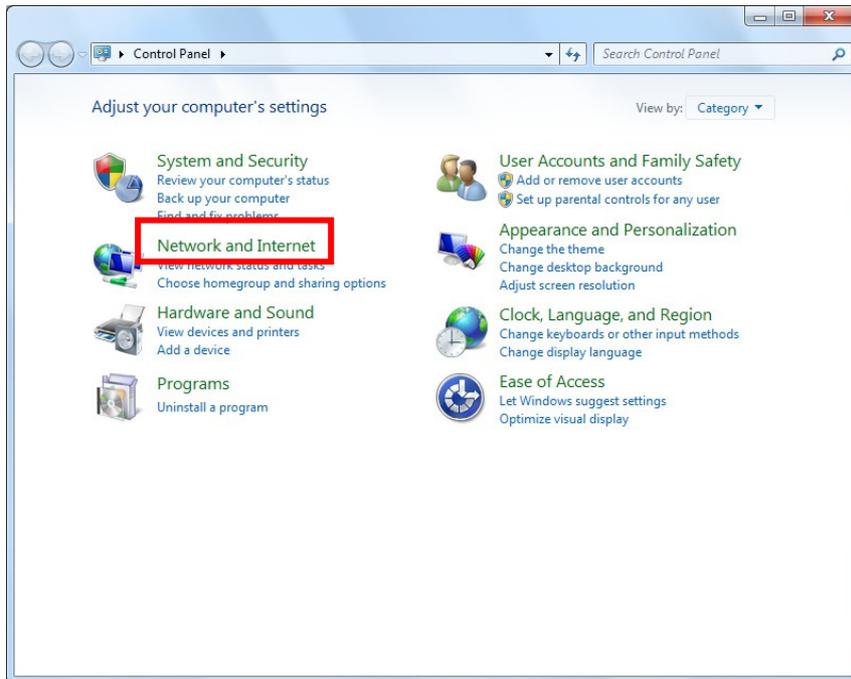


5. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically**. Click **OK** to save the configurations.

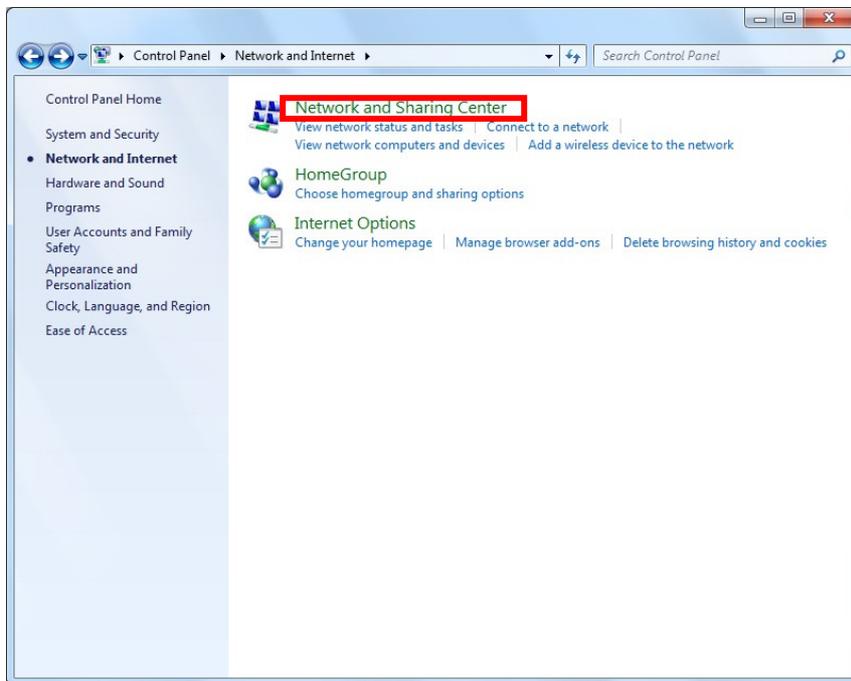


b. Windows Vista / Windows 7

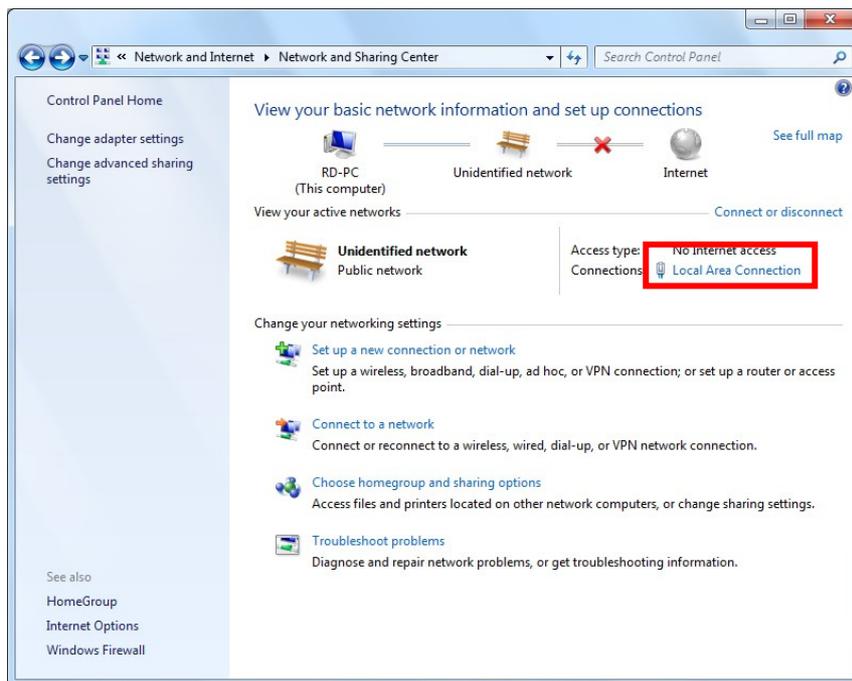
1. Click **Start** → **Control Panel** → **Network and Internet**



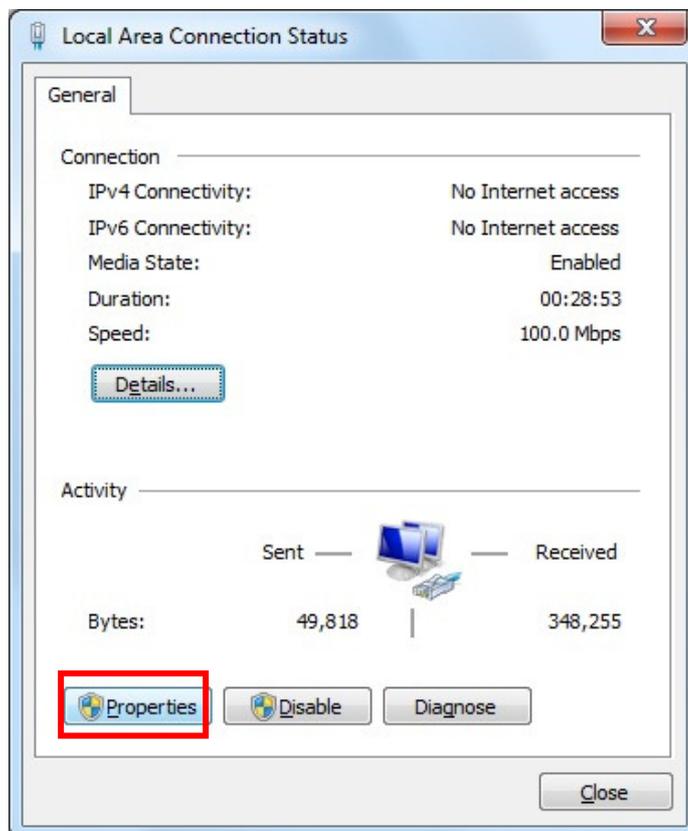
2. Click **Network and Sharing Center**



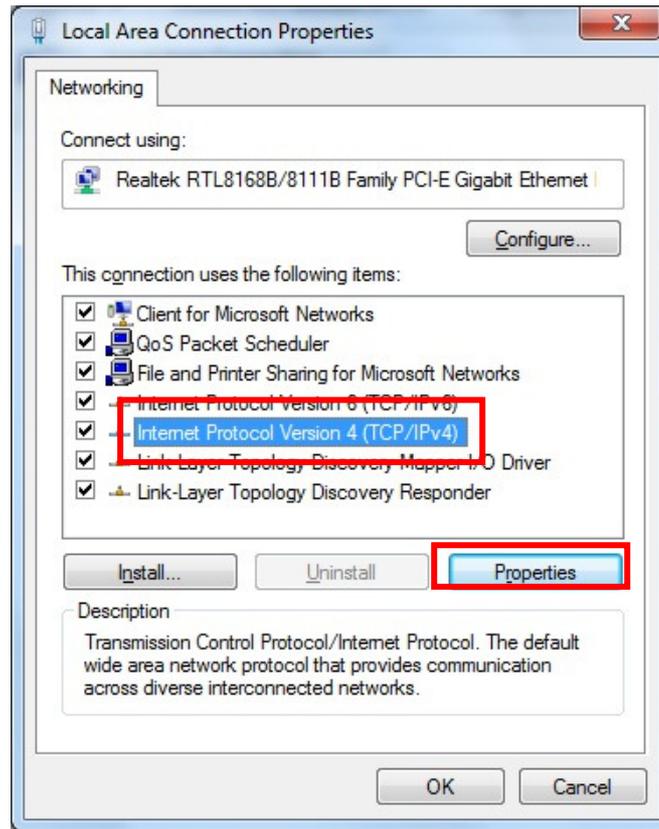
3. Click **Local Area Connection** and then Local Area Connection Status window will pop-out.



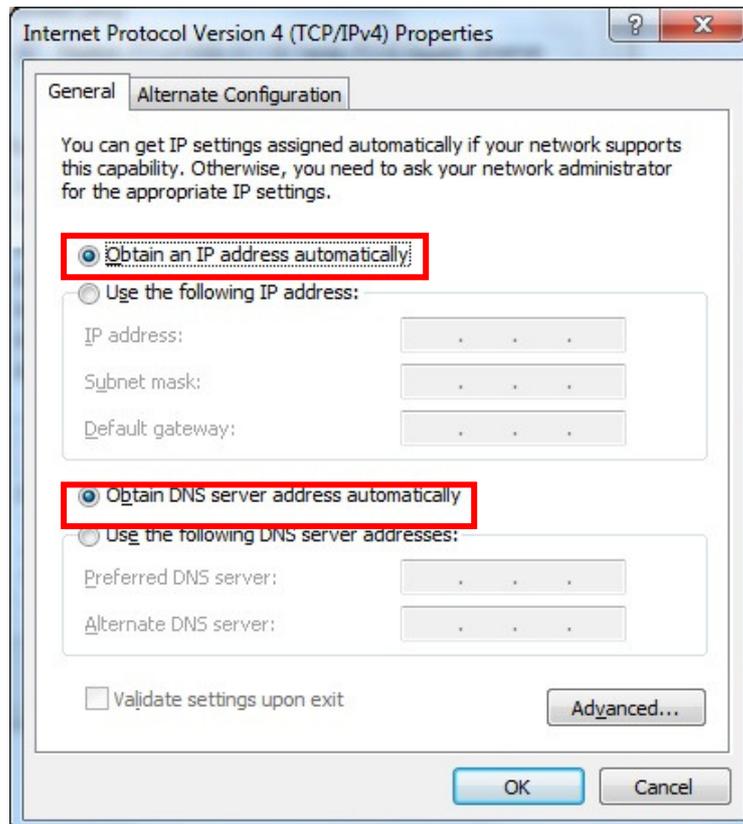
4. Click **Properties** from Local Area Connection Status.



5. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** and click **Properties**.

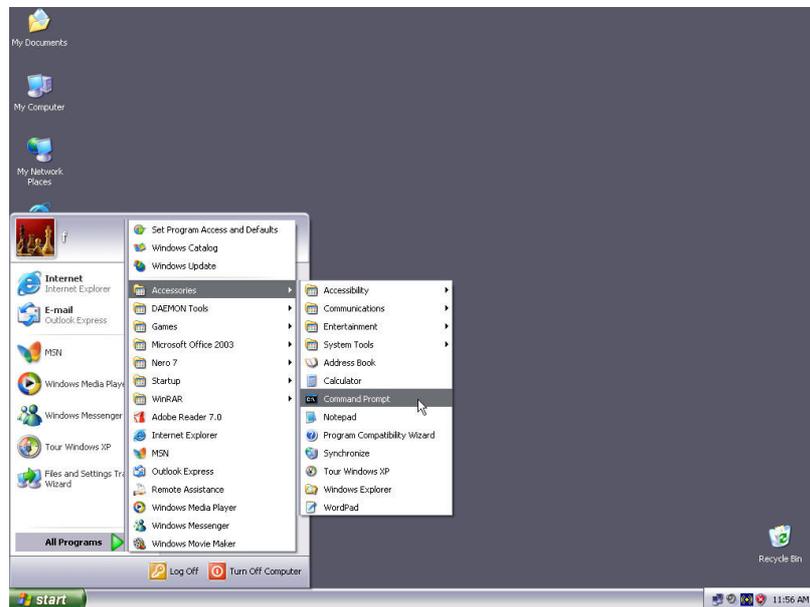


6. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically**. Click **OK** to save the configurations.



How to Check the Network Connection

1. Select **Start** → **Programs** → **Accessories** → **Command Prompt**.



2. Input **ping 192.168.0.1** and press **Enter**. If the screen displays as below, it means your PC is connected to your router successfully.

If not, please make sure the hardware installation and network adapter are OK.

```
G:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

G:\Documents and Settings\user>ping 192.168.0.1

Pinging 192.168.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

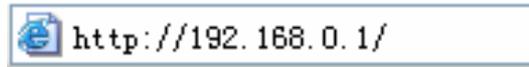
G:\Documents and Settings\user>
```

Chapter 4 Basic Configurations

This section is to show you how to configure your new ZSR9104WE through the Web-based Configuration Utility.

How to Access the Web-based Configuration Utility

1. After your computer obtained an IP address from ZSR9104WE, please start your web browser, and input the default IP address of ZSR9104WE <http://192.168.0.1> in address bar.

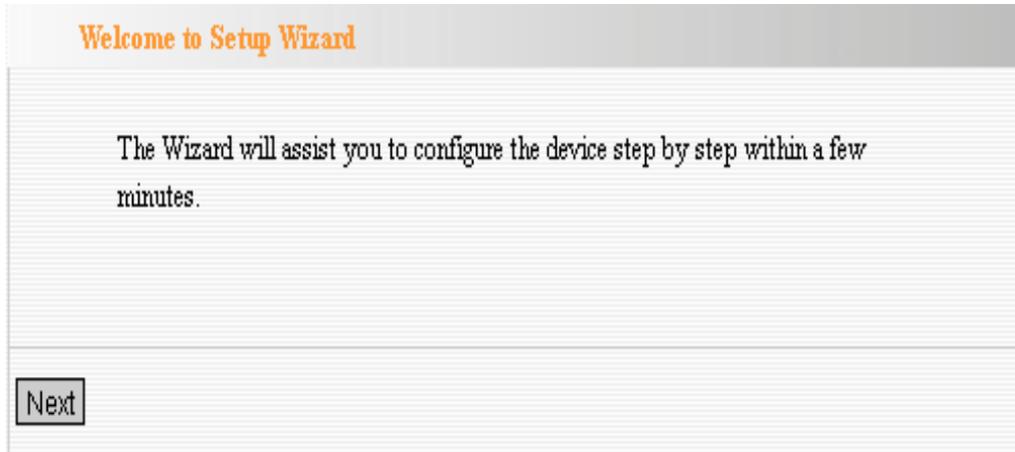


2. Please input user name and password and then click **OK**. Both default user name and password is **admin**.

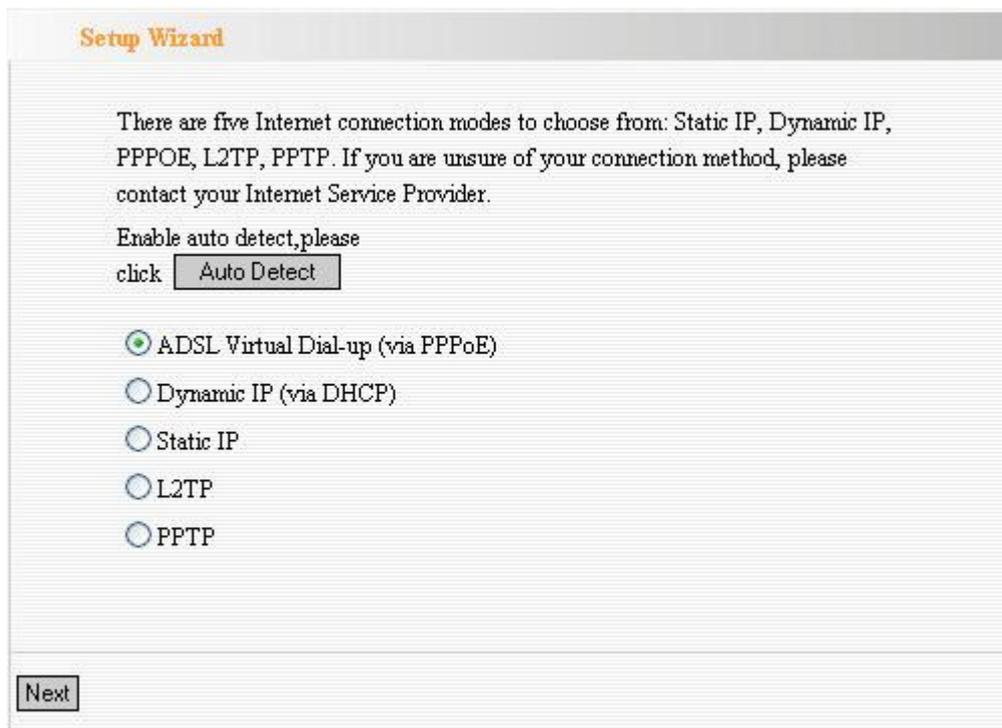


Setup Wizard

1. When **Welcome to Setup Wizard** pop out, Click **Next** to continue.

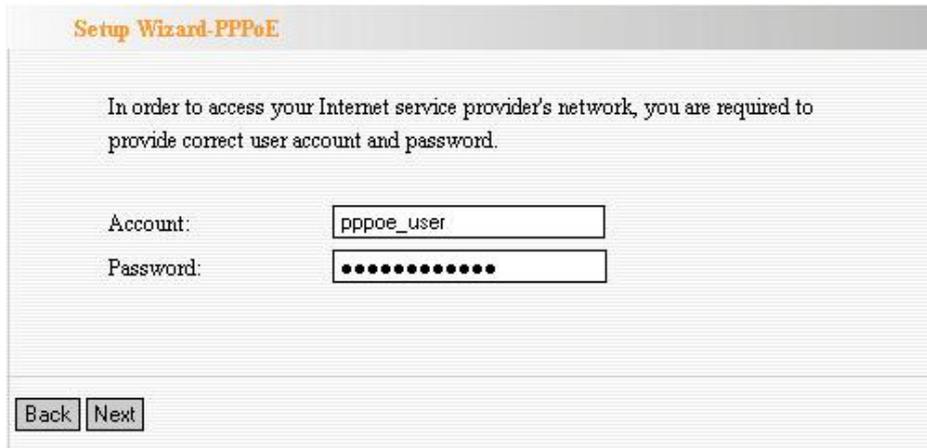


2. Select one Internet connection type you're using. If you're not sure, click **Detect** or contact your Internet Service Provider. Click **Next**.



a. ADSL Virtual Dial-up (Via PPPoE)

Enter the Account and Password provided by your ISP, and click **Next**.



Setup Wizard-PPPoE

In order to access your Internet service provider's network, you are required to provide correct user account and password.

Account:

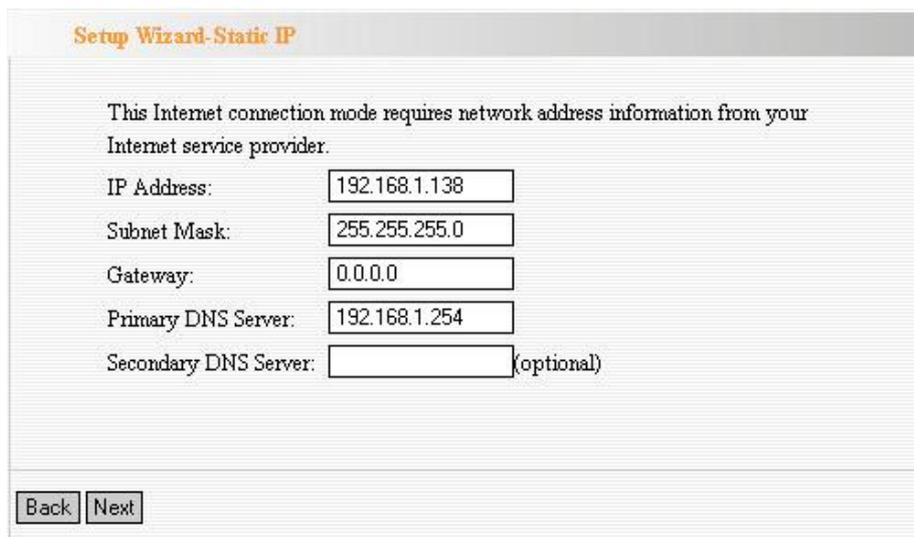
Password:

b. Dynamic IP (Via DHCP)

If your connection type is Dynamic IP, it means your IP address keeps changing every time you connect. You do not need to enter the information.

c. Static IP

Fill the network address information from your ISP in the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway and Primary DNS server fields and click **Next**.



Setup Wizard-Static IP

This Internet connection mode requires network address information from your Internet service provider.

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

Primary DNS Server:

Secondary DNS Server: (optional)

d. L2TP

Enter the Account and Password provided by your ISP.

L2TP(Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) **provides two address modes.**

- **Dynamic IP:** If the L2TP offered by your ISP is Dynamic IP, please select Dynamic IP.
- **Static IP:** Please fill in the parameters provided by your ISP.

After configuration, please click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Setup Wizard-L2TP' interface. It contains the following fields and controls:

- L2TP Server:** Text input field containing '0.0.0.0' with '(IP or Domain name)' as a label.
- User Name:** Text input field containing 'l2tp_user'.
- Password:** Password input field with 10 dots.
- Address Mode:** Dropdown menu set to 'Static'.
- IP Address:** Empty text input field.
- Subnet Mask:** Empty text input field.
- Default Gateway:** Empty text input field.

At the bottom left, there are two buttons: 'Back' and 'Next'.

e. PPTP

Enter the Server IP Address, User Name, and Password provided by your ISP

PPTP(PP Tunneling Protocol) **provides two address modes.**

- **Dynamic IP:** If the PPTP offered by your ISP is Dynamic IP, please select Dynamic IP.
- **Static IP:** Please fill in the parameters provided by your ISP.

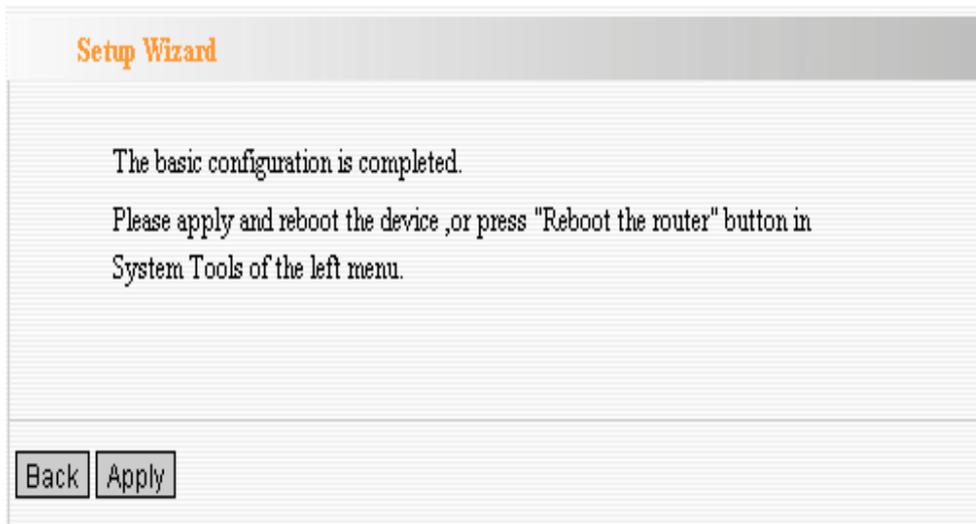
After configuration, please click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Setup Wizard-PPTP' interface. It contains the following fields and controls:

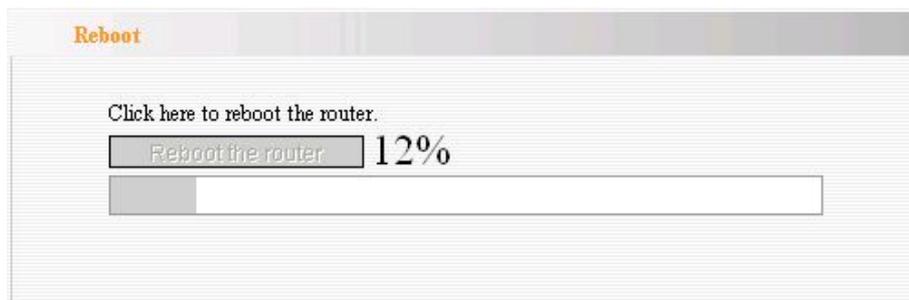
- PPTP Server:** Text input field containing 'pptp_server' with '(IP or Domain name)' as a label.
- User Name:** Text input field containing 'pptp_user'.
- Password:** Password input field with 10 dots.
- Address Mode:** Dropdown menu set to 'Static'.
- IP Address:** Text input field containing '192.168.1.1'.
- Subnet Mask:** Text input field containing '255.255.255.0'.
- Default Gateway:** Text input field containing '192.168.1.254'.

At the bottom left, there are two buttons: 'Back' and 'Next'.

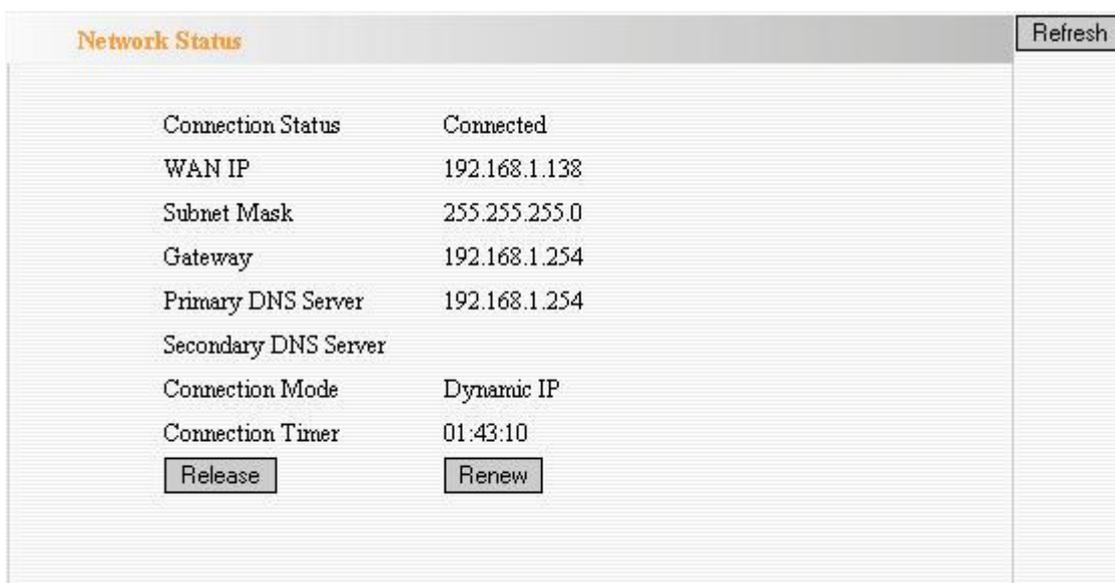
3. Click **Apply** and reboot ZSR9104WE, or select **Reboot** in **System Tools** of the left menu and click **Reboot the router** button.



4. While rebooting, please wait for few minutes and **DO NOT** power off.



5. Select **System Status** of the left menu to find out the current network and system information.



Chapter 5 Advanced Settings

LAN Settings

LAN Settings

This is to configure the basic parameters for LAN ports.

MAC Address	00:0C:41:86:0A:B2
IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>

- **MAC Address:** ZSR9104WE's physical MAC address on your local network is unchangeable.
- **IP Address:** ZSR9104WE's LAN IP address (not your PC's IP address). Once you modify the IP address, you need to remember it for the Web-based Utility login next time. Default value is 192.168.0.1
- **Subnet Mask:** ZSR9104WE's subnet mask for measurement of the network size. Default value is 255.255.255.0.

WAN Settings

a. PPPoE

WAN Settings

WAN connection mode: PPPoE

Account:

Password:

MTU:

Service Name: (Do NOT Modify Unless Necessary)

AC Name: (Do NOT Modify Unless Necessary)

Internet Connection Option:

Connect Automatically

Connect Manually

Connect on Demand

Max Idle Time: (60-3600 seconds)

Connect on Fixed Time

IMPORTANT: Please set the time in system Tools, before you select this Internet connection.

Time: From to

Time format, Hours:0~23; Minute:0~59

- **Connection Mode:** Show your current connection mode.
- **Account:** Provided by your ISP.
- **Password:** Provided by your ISP.
- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the size of largest datagram that can be sent over a network. The default value is 1460. Do NOT modify it unless necessary.
- **Service Name:** It is defined as a set of characteristics that are applied to a PPPoE connection. Enter it if provided. Do NOT modify it unless necessary.
- **AC Name:** Enter it if provided. Do NOT modify it unless necessary.

Internet Connection Option:

- **Connect Automatically:** Connect automatically to the Internet after rebooting system or connection failure.
- **Connect Manually:** Connect to the Internet by the user manually.
- **Connect on Demand:** Re-establish your connection to the Internet after the specific time (Max Idle Time). Zero means your Internet connection at all time. Otherwise, enter the minutes to be elapsed before you want to disconnect the Internet access.
- **Connect on Fixed Time:** Connect to the Internet during the time you fix.

b. Dynamic IP

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "WAN Settings". The "WAN connection mode" is set to "Dynamic IP". Below this, the "MTU" is set to "1500" with a note "(Do NOT Modify Unless Necessary)". At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the size of largest datagram that can be sent over a network. The default value is 1500. Do NOT modify it unless necessary.

c. Static IP

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "WAN Settings". The "WAN connection mode" is set to "Static IP". Below this, several fields are visible: "IP Address" (192.168.1.10), "Netmask" (255.255.255.0), "Gateway" (192.168.1.1), "Primary DNS Server" (168.95.1.1), "Secondary DNS Server" (empty, with "(optional)" next to it), and "MTU" (1500, with "(Do NOT Modify Unless Necessary)" next to it). At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

- **IP Address:** Enter the WAN IP address provided by your ISP.
- **Subnet Mask:** Enter the WAN Subnet Mask.
- **Gateway:** Enter the WAN Gateway.
- **Primary DNS Server:** Enter the Primary DNS server provided by your ISP.
- **Secondary DNS Server:** Enter the second address if your ISP provides, which is optional.
- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the size of largest datagram that can be sent over a network. The default value is 1500. Do NOT modify it unless necessary.

d. L2TP

The screenshot shows a 'WAN Settings' dialog box with the following fields and values:

Field	Value	Notes
WAN connection mode:	L2TP	
L2TP Server:	192.168.2.55	(IP or Domain name)
User Name:	l2tp_user	
Password:	••••••••	Masked
MTU:	1460	
Address Mode:	Static	Dropdown menu
IP Address:	192.168.2.155	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway:	192.168.2.55	

Buttons: Apply, Cancel

- **L2TP Server IP:** Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP.
- **User Name:** Enter L2TP username.
- **Password:** Enter L2TP password.
- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit, you may need to change it for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1460 is the default MTU.
- **Address Mode:** Select **Static** if your ISP supplies you with the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.
- **IP Address:** Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP.
- **Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP.
- **Default Gateway:** Enter the Default Gateway supplied by your ISP.

e. PPTP

The screenshot shows a 'WAN Settings' dialog box with the following fields and values:

WAN connection mode:	PPTP	
PPTP Server:	<input type="text" value="pptp_server"/>	(IP or Domain name)
User Name:	<input type="text" value="pptp_user"/>	
Password:	<input type="password" value="••••••••"/>	
MTU:	<input type="text" value="1478"/>	
Address Mode:	<input type="button" value="Static"/>	▼
IP Address:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>	
Subnet Mask:	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	
Default Gateway:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.254"/>	
MPPE:	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Buttons:

- **PPTP Server IP:** Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP.
- **User Name:** Enter PPTP username provided by your ISP.
- **Password:** Enter PPTP password provided by your ISP.
- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit, you may need to change it for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1478 is the default MTU.
- **Address Mode:** Select **Static** if your ISP supplies you with the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.
- **IP Address:** Enter the PPTP IP address supplied by your ISP.
- **Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP.
- **Default Gateway:** Enter the Default Gateway supplied by your ISP.

MAC Address Clone

The screenshot shows a window titled "MAC Address Clone". It contains a label "WAN MAC Address Clone." followed by a "MAC Address:" label and a text input field containing "02:10:17:F2:AB:12". Below the input field are two buttons: "Restore Default MAC" and "Clone MAC Address". At the bottom of the window are "Apply" and "Cancel" buttons.

- **MAC Address:** The MAC address registered with your Internet service provider.
- **Clone MAC address:** Register your PC's MAC address.
- **Restore default MAC address:** Restore the default hardware MAC address.

DNS Settings

The screenshot shows a window titled "DNS Settings". It contains a "DNS Settings" label with an unchecked checkbox. Below it are "Primary DNS Address" and "Secondary DNS Address" labels with corresponding text input fields. The Primary DNS Address field contains "192.168.0.1" and the Secondary DNS Address field is empty, with "(option)" written to its right. At the bottom of the window are "Apply" and "Cancel" buttons.

- **DNS:** Choose the checkbox to enable the DNS server.
- **Primary DNS Address:** Enter the necessary address provided by your ISP.
- **Secondary DNS Address:** Enter the second address if your ISP provides, which is optional.

Chapter 6 Wireless Settings

Basic Settings

The screenshot shows a 'Basic Settings' dialog box with the following configuration options:

- Enable Wireless
- Network Mode: 11b/g/n mixed mode (dropdown)
- SSID: Wireless_N (text input)
- Broadcast(SSID): Enable Disable
- BSSID: C8:3A:35:4F:F5:F8 (text input)
- Channel: AutoSelect (dropdown)
- Operating Mode: Mixed Mode Green Field
- Channel BandWidth: 20 20/40
- Guard Interval: long Auto
- MCS: Auto (dropdown)
- Reverse Direction Grant(RDG): Disable Enable
- Extension Channel: Auto Select (dropdown)
- Aggregation MSDU (A-MSDU): Disable Enable

Buttons: Apply, Cancel

- **Network Mode:** Supports 802.11b/g mixed, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11b/g/n mixed modes.
- **SSID:** Main Service Set Identifier. It's the name of your wireless network.
- **Broadcast (SSID):** Decide if ZSR9104WE will broadcast its own ESSID or not.
- **BSSID:** It is a 48bit identity used to identify a particular BSS (Basic Service Set) within an area. In Infrastructure BSS networks, the BSSID is the MAC address of the AP
- **Channel:** Select the channel used for wireless communication from drop-down list. Available channel numbers are 1 to 13 for European countries, 1 to 11 for USA.

- **Operating Mode:** Supports two modes:
 - ◆ **Mixed Mode:** In this mode packets are transmitted with a preamble compatible with the legacy 802.11a/g – the legacy Short Training Field(STF), the legacy Long Training Field(LTF) and the legacy signal field are transmitted so they can be decoded by legacy 802.11a/g devices. The rest of the packet has a new format. In Mixed Mode the receiver shall be able to decode both the Mixed Mode packets and legacy packets.
 - ◆ **Green Mode:** It is an optional mode. In this mode high throughput packets are transmitted without a legacy compatible part. In Green Mode the receiver shall be able to decode both Green Field mode packets, Mixed Mode packets and legacy format packets.
- **Channel Bandwidth:** Select the channel bandwidth from 20M or 20/40M to improve the wireless performance.
- **Guard Interval:** In telecommunications, guard intervals are used to ensure that distinct transmissions do not interfere with one another. These transmissions may belong to different users (as in TDMA) or to the same user (as in OFDM).The purpose of the guard interval is to introduce immunity to propagation delays, echoes and reflections, to which digital data is normally very sensitive.
- **MCS:** To 802.11n, due to the physical rate depends on the modulation, coding rate, the number of spatial streams, a number of factors such as whether the 40MHz binding. These factors will produce a lot of physical rate to be select. For example based on Short GI, 40MHz binding techniques, in four space flow, the physical rate can be up to 600Mbps (i.e. 4 x 150). So, 802.11n proposed the concept of MCS. MCS can be understood as complete combination of the factors that affect the rates, each one labeled with unique integers to identify. For the AP, MCS generally support the range of 0~15.
- **Reverse Direction Grant(RDG):** Default value is Enable. Systems and methodologies are described that facilitate increased communication channel bandwidth efficiency in association with scheduled time periods that allocates channel access to particular stations. According to various aspects, systems and methods are described that facilitate providing and/or utilizing reverse direction grants in connection with scheduled channel access. Such systems and/or method can mitigate an amount of unused channel access time after a station completes data transmission prior to an end of the allocated period.
- **Extension Channel:** To increase data throughput of wireless network, the extension channel range is used in 11n mode.
- **Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU):** Default value is Disable. Refers to the number of MSDU aggregation through a certain way into a larger load. Here MSDU can be considered as Ethernet packets. Typically, when the AP or wireless client received packet (MSDU) from the protocol stack , it will marked Ethernet header, which we call A-MSDU Subframe; and before sent through the RF port, you need to change to 802.11 packet format.

Wireless Security Settings

a. Mixed WEP

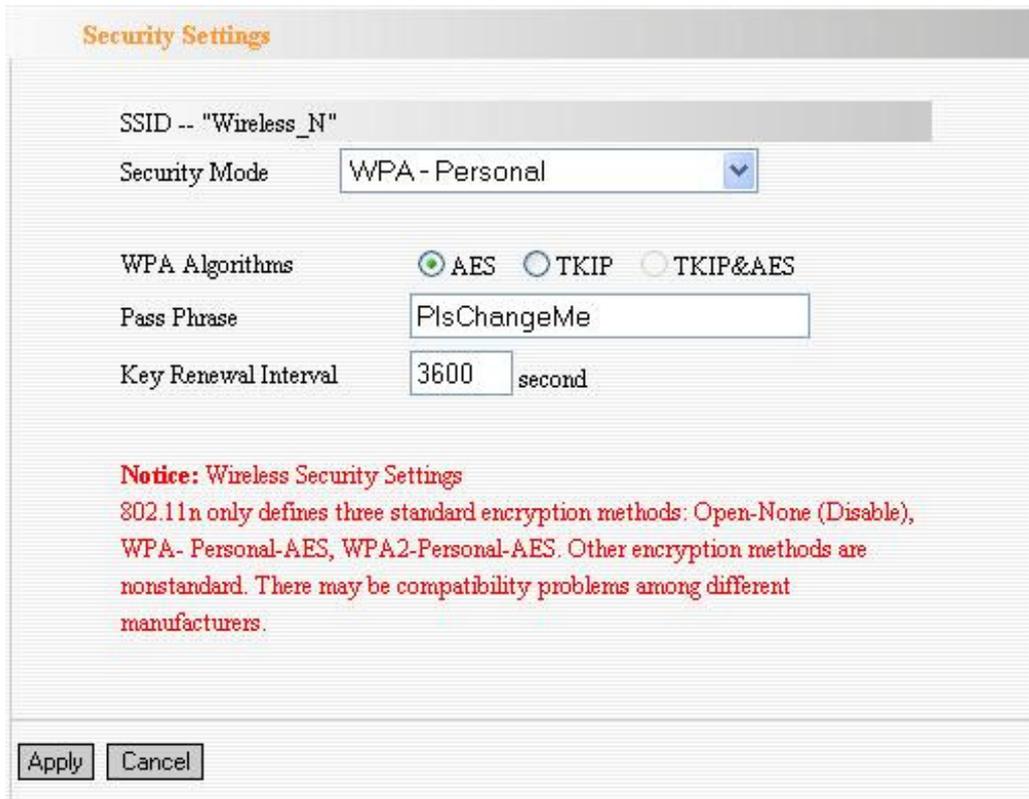
WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is an encryption method used to protect your wireless data communications. WEP uses a combination of 64-bit or 128-bit keys to provide access control to your network and encryption security for every data transmission.

The screenshot shows a 'Security Settings' dialog box. At the top, the SSID is 'Wireless_N'. The Security Mode is set to 'Mixed WEP'. Below this, there is a 'Default Key' dropdown menu set to 'Key 1'. There are four rows for WEP keys, each with a text input field and a 'Key Format' dropdown menu set to 'Hex'. At the bottom, there are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons. A red notice at the bottom of the dialog reads: 'Notice: Wireless Security Settings. 802.11n only defines three standard encryption methods: Open-None (Disable), WPA- Personal-AES, WPA2-Personal-AES. Other encryption methods are nonstandard. There may be compatibility problems among different manufacturers.'

- **Default Key:** You can set up to four sets of WEP key, and you can decide which key is being used by default here.
- **WEP Key1, 2, 3, 4:** Input WEP key characters here, the number of characters must be the same as the number displayed at "Key Format" field. You can use any alphanumerical characters (0-9, a-z, and A-Z) if you select "ASCII" key format, and if you select "Hex" as key format, you can use characters 0-9, a-f, and A-F. You must enter at least one encryption key here, and if you entered multiple WEP keys, they should not be same with each other.

b. WPA-Personal

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is an advanced security standard. It uses TKIP and AES to change the encryption key frequently.



The screenshot shows a 'Security Settings' dialog box. At the top, the title is 'Security Settings'. Below it, the SSID is set to 'Wireless_N'. The Security Mode is set to 'WPA - Personal'. Under 'WPA Algorithms', 'AES' is selected with a radio button, while 'TKIP' and 'TKIP&AES' are unselected. The Pass Phrase is 'PlsChangeMe'. The Key Renewal Interval is set to '3600' seconds. A red notice at the bottom states: 'Notice: Wireless Security Settings. 802.11n only defines three standard encryption methods: Open-None (Disable), WPA- Personal-AES, WPA2-Personal-AES. Other encryption methods are nonstandard. There may be compatibility problems among different manufacturers.' At the bottom of the dialog are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- **WPA Algorithms:** Select one encryption type, AES, TKIP or TKIP&AES.
- **Pass Phrase:** Enter the key which must have 8-63 ASCII characters.
- **Key Renewal Interval:** Specifies the timer the WPA key must changes. The change is done automatically between the server and the client.

c. WPA2-Personal

The WPA2 is a stronger version of WPA.

The screenshot shows a 'Security Settings' dialog box. At the top, the title is 'Security Settings'. Below it, the SSID is set to 'Wireless_N'. The Security Mode is set to 'WPA2 - Personal'. Under WPA Algorithms, 'AES' is selected with a radio button, while 'TKIP' and 'TKIP&AES' are unselected. The Pass Phrase is 'PlsChangeMe'. The Key Renewal Interval is set to '3600' seconds. A red notice at the bottom states: 'Notice: Wireless Security Settings. 802.11n only defines three standard encryption methods: Open-None (Disable), WPA- Personal-AES, WPA2-Personal-AES. Other encryption methods are nonstandard. There may be compatibility problems among different manufacturers.' At the bottom of the dialog are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- **WPA Algorithms:** Select one encryption type, AES, TKIP or TKIP&AES.
- **Pass Phrase:** Enter the key which must have 8-63 ASCII characters.
- **Key Renewal Interval:** Specifies the timer the WPA key must changes. The change is done automatically between the server and the client.

d. Mixed WPA/WPA2-Personal

The screenshot shows a 'Security Settings' dialog box. At the top, the title is 'Security Settings'. Below it, the SSID is set to 'Wireless_N'. The Security Mode is set to 'Mixed WPA/WPA2 - Personal'. Under 'WPA Algorithms', 'AES' is selected with a radio button, while 'TKIP' and 'TKIP&AES' are unselected. The Pass Phrase is 'PlsChangeMe' and the Key Renewal Interval is '3600 second'. A red notice at the bottom states: 'Notice: Wireless Security Settings 802.11n only defines three standard encryption methods: Open-None (Disable), WPA- Personal-AES, WPA2-Personal-AES. Other encryption methods are nonstandard. There may be compatibility problems among different manufacturers.' At the bottom left, there are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- **WPA Algorithms:** Select one encryption type, AES, TKIP or TKIP&AES.
- **Pass Phrase:** Enter the key which must have 8-63 ASCII characters.
- **Key Renewal Interval:** Specifies the timer the WPA key must changes. The change is done automatically between the server and the client.

Advanced Wireless Settings

ZSR9104WE provides some advanced control of wireless parameters, if you want to configure these settings, please click "WLAN Settings" menu on the left of web management interface, then click "Advanced Settings", and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Advanced Settings

BG Protection Mode	Auto	
Basic Data Rates	Default(1-2-5.5-11 Mbps)	
Beacon Interval	100	ms (range 20 - 999, default 100)
Fragment Threshold	2346	(range 256 - 2346, default 2346)
RTS Threshold	2347	(range 1 - 2347, default 2347)
TX Power	100	(range 1 - 100, default 100)

WMM Capable Enable Disable

APSD Capable Enable Disable

Apply Cancel

- **BG protection Mode:** Auto by default. You can also select On or Off.
- **Basic Data Rates:** For different requirement, you can select one of the suitable Basic Data Rates. Default value is (1-2-5.5-11Mbps).
- **Beacon Interval:** Set the beacon interval of wireless radio. Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 100.
- **Fragment Threshold:** Set the Fragment threshold of wireless radio. Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 2346.
- **RTS Threshold:** Set the RTS threshold of wireless radio. Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 2347.
- **TX Power:** You can set the output power of wireless radio. Unless you're using ZSR9104WE in a really big space, you may not have to set output power to 100%. This will enhance security (malicious / unknown users in distance will not be able to reach your ZSR9104WE).
- **WMM Capable:** It will enhance the data transfer performance of multimedia contents when they're being transferred over wireless network. If you don't know what it is / not sure if you need it, it's safe to set this option to 'Enable', default value is Enable.
- **APSD Capable:** It is used for auto power-saved service. The default is Disabled.

WPS Settings

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and ZSR9104WE. You don't have to select encryption mode and input a long encryption passphrase every time when you need to setup a wireless client, you only have to press a button on wireless client and this wireless router, and the WPS will do the rest for you.

WPS Config

You could setup security easily by choosing PIN or PBC method to do Wi-Fi Protected Setup.

WPS Settings: Disable Enable

WPS mode: PBC PIN

WPS Summary

WPS Current Status:	Idle
WPS Configured:	No
WPS SSID:	Wireless_N
WPS Auth Mode:	WPA2-PSK
WPS Encryp Type:	AES
WPS Default Key Index:	2
WPS Key(ASCII):	PlsChangeMe
AP PIN:	52403125

Save Reset OOB

- **WPS Setting:** Select it to enable or disable WPS function. The default is Enabled.
- **WPS Mode:** Supports two ways to configure WPS settings: PBC) and PIN code.
 - ◆ **PBC(Push-Button Configuration):** If you want to use PBC, you have to push a specific button on the wireless client to start WPS mode, and switch ZSR9104WE to WPS mode too. You can push WPS button of ZSR9104WE, or click **PBC** button in the web configuration interface to enable WPS

Note: Press WPS button of ZSR9104WE for one second and WPS indicator will blinking for 2 minutes. During the blinking time, you can enable another Router to implement the WPS/PBC negotiation between them. At present, the WPS only support one client access. Two minutes later, the WPS indicator will be off.

- ◆ **PIN:** if you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code of wireless client and switch it to WPS mode, then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to ZSR9104WE.

WDS Settings

WDS (Wireless Distribution System) is used to expand wireless coverage area. ZSR9104WE provides three modes: Lazy, Bridge and Repeater.

WDS Settings

WDS Mode: Repeater Mode

Encrypt Type: Disable

AP MAC: [Input Field]

AP MAC: [Input Field]

AP MAC: [Input Field]

AP MAC: [Input Field]

Attention: To configure WDS

1. In the MAC address field, input the connected device's MAC address. If the connected device has configured the WDS encryption method, please enter the same key values.
2. If you need to authorize wireless client's access, please configure the settings in the "Wireless Settings->Security Setting" window. After the configuration is completed, click "Save" and reboot the Router to implement communication between the WDS device.
3. To guarantee that both sides of WDS share the same channel for communication after WDS is enabled, please set channel as "NON-Autoselect" and make sure channel and extensional channel must be consistent with those of its partner. Please configuration in "Wireless Settings->Basic Setting" interface. Otherwise it may lead to unstable performance of WDS.

Open Scan

Apply Cancel

- **WDS Mode:**

- ◆ **Lazy Mode:** You need to configure ZSR9104WE's BSSID into another device, but don't need to input another device's BSSID in ZSR9104WE, and they will connect together automatically.
- ◆ **Bridge Mode:** You can wirelessly connect two or more wired networks via this mode. In this mode, you need to add the Wireless MAC address of the connecting device into ZSR9104WE's AP MAC address table or select one from the scanning table. At the same time, the connecting device should be in Lazy, Repeater or Bridge mode.

- ◆ **Repeater Mode:** You can select the mode to extend the distance between the two WLAN devices. Functioning as a WDS repeater, ZSR9104WE connects to both a client card as an AP and to another AP. In typical repeater applications, APs connecting to other APs equipped with WDS functionality must also support WDS. In this mode, you need to add the MAC address of the connecting device into ZSR9104WE's AP MAC address table and the connecting client should be in Lazy, Repeater or client mode.
- **Encrypt Type:** You can select from WEP mode, TKIP mode, AES mode for security here.
- **Pass phrase:** Enter the key, the key format according to encryption you selected.
- **AP MAC:** Input the MAC address of another wireless router.

NOTE: Two wireless routers must use the same bandwidth, channel number, and security setting. Apply the settings and reboot ZSR9104WE to activate it.

Wireless Access Control

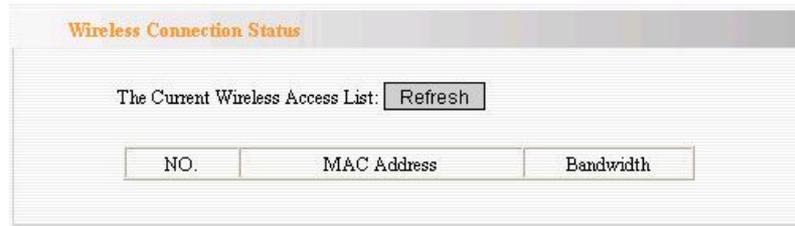
This function will help you to prevent unauthorized users from connecting to ZSR9104WE; only those wireless devices who have the MAC address you assigned here can gain access to your ZSR9104WE. You can use this function with other security measures described in previous section, to create a safer wireless environment.

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless Access Control' configuration interface. It includes a dropdown for 'MAC Address Filter' (set to 'Allow'), a 'MAC Address Management' table with input fields for MAC addresses and an 'Add' button, and 'Apply'/'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

- **MAC Address Filter:** If you want to access ZSR9104WE from any external IP Address, please select **Disable**.
- **MAC Address:** To specify an external IP address, please add the MAC address manually and click **Add**.
- **MAC Address List:** The added MAC addresses are listed here. Click **Delete** to delete the filter management for this MAC address.

Wireless Connection Status

Click **Refresh** to update the wireless connection information.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Wireless Connection Status". Below the title, there is a text label "The Current Wireless Access List:" followed by a "Refresh" button. Below this, there is a table with three columns: "NO.", "MAC Address", and "Bandwidth".

NO.	MAC Address	Bandwidth
-----	-------------	-----------

- **MAC Address:** Shows the connecting PC's MAC address.
- **Bandwidth:** displays the channel bandwidth of the host to be connected.

Chapter 7 DHCP Server

These settings are only available when **DHCP Server** in **LAN IP** section is **Enable**.

DHCP Server

DHCP Server

DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
IP Address Start	192.168.0. <input type="text" value="100"/>
IP Address End	192.168.0. <input type="text" value="200"/>
Lease Time	<input type="text" value="One day"/> ▼

One hour
Two hours
Three hours
One day
Two days
One week

Apply Cancel

- **DHCP Server:** Activate the checkbox to enable DHCP server.
- **IP Address Start/End:** Enter the range of IP address for DHCP server distribution.
- **Lease Time:** choose a lease time (the duration that every computer can keep a specific IP address) of every IP address assigned by ZSR9104WE from dropdown menu.

DHCP Server List & Binding

DHCP Client List

Static IP

IP Address 192.168.0.

MAC Address : : : : :

NO.	IP Address	MAC Address	Delete
-----	------------	-------------	--------

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Lease
fanyi	192.168.0.110	00:E0:4C:01:9C:92	1days 22:09:25

- **IP Address:** Input the IP address for the computer on the LAN network.
- **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address of the computer you want to assign. And then click **Add** to add to the list.
- **Hostname:** The name of the computer.
- **Lease Time:** The time length of the corresponding IP address lease.

Chapter 8 Virtual Server

Port Range Forwarding

This section deals with the port range forwarding mainly. The Port Range Forwarding allows you to set up a range of public services such as web servers, ftp, e-mail and other specialized Internet applications to an assigned IP address on your LAN.

The Router can be configured as a virtual server on behalf of local services behind the LAN port. The given remote requests will be re-directed to the local servers via the virtual server. This section deals with the port range forwarding mainly. The Port Range Forwarding allows you to set up kinds of public services such as web servers, ftp, e-mail and other specialized Internet applications on your network.

NO.	Start Port-End Port	To IP Address	Protocol	Enable	Delete
1.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10.	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	TCP <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Well-Known Service Port: ID

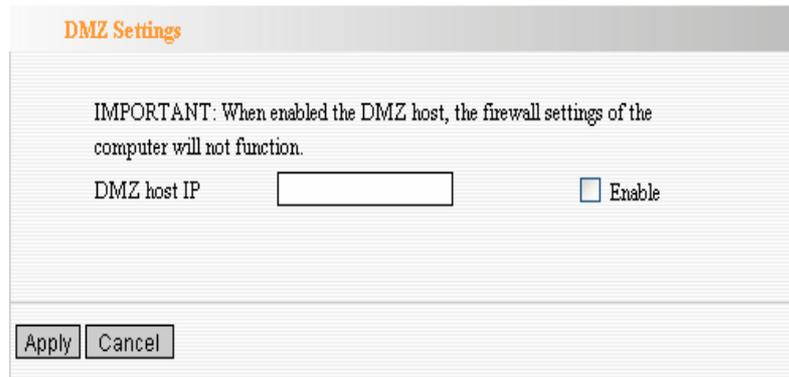
- **Start/End Port:** Enter the start/end port number which ranges the External ports used to set the server or Internet applications.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the PC where you want to set the applications.
- **Protocol:** Select the protocol (TCP/UDP/Both) for the application.
- **Well-Known Service Port:** Select the well-known services as DNS, FTP from the drop-down menu to add to the configured one above.

NOTE: If you set the virtual server of the service port as 80, you must set the Web management port on. Remote Web Management page to be any value except 80 such as 8080. Otherwise, there will be a conflict to disable the virtual server.

- **Delete/Enable:** Click to check it for corresponding operation.

DMZ Settings

The DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) function is to allow one computer in LAN to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service as Internet gaming or videoconferencing.



- **DMZ Host IP Address:** The IP address of the computer you want to expose.
- **Enable:** Select the checkbox to enable the DMZ host.

IMPORTANT: When enabled the DMZ host, the firewall settings of the DMZ host will not function.

UPnP Settings

Universal Plug and Play function enables network auto-configuration for peer-to-peer communications. With this function, network devices will be able to communicate with other devices directly, and learn about information about other devices. Many network device and applications rely on UPnP function nowadays.



- **Enable UPnP:** Select the checkbox to enable the UPnP.

Chapter 9 Traffic Control

Traffic control is used to limit communication speed in the LAN and WAN. Up to 20 entries can be supported with the capability for at most 254 PCs' speed control, including for IP address range configuration.

Traffic Control Settings

Traffic Control

Interface: **Upload BW** **Download BW**
WAN: 512 2048 (KByte/s)

Services:	Protocol	Port	Service
	TCP&UDP	0	All

IP: 192.168.0. ~ ~

Up/Down: Up

BW Range: ~ (KByte/s)

Apply:

Add

Num	Port	IP	Up/Down	BW Range	Apply	Edit	Del
-----	------	----	---------	----------	-------	------	-----

Apply Cancel

- **Traffic Control:** Select the checkbox to enable the internal IP bandwidth control.
- **Interface:** To limit the uploading and downloading bandwidth in WAN port.
- **Service:** To select the controlled service type, such as HTTP service.
- **IP Starting Address:** The first IP address for traffic control.
- **IP Ending Address:** The last IP address for traffic control.
- **Uploading/Downloading:** To specify the traffic heading way for the selected IP addresses: uploading or downloading.
- **Bandwidth:** To specify the uploading/downloading Min. /Max. Traffic speed (KB/s), which can not exceed the WAN speed.
- **Apply:** Select the checkbox to enable the current editing rule.
- **Add:** After edit the rule, click the **Add** button to add the current rule to rule list.

Note: It is allowed to delete or modify the previous rules in the list table.

Chapter 10 Security Settings

Client Filter

To benefit your further management to the computers in the LAN, you can control some ports access to Internet by data packet filter function.

Client Filter

Client Filtering Settings

Access Policy: 10

Enable: Delete the Policy:

Filtering Mode: Disable access the Internet
 Enable

Policy Name:

Start IP: 192.168.0.

End IP: 192.168.0.

Port: -

Type: TCP

Times: 0:0 ~ 0:0

Date: Everyday Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

- **Client Filtering Settings:** Select the checkbox to enable client filter.
- **Access Policy:** Select one number from the drop-down menu.
- **Enable:** Select the checkbox to enable the access policy.
- **Delete the Policy:** Click **Clear** button to clear all settings for the policy.
- **Filtering Mode:** Select one button to enable or disable to access the Internet.
- **Policy Name:** Enter a name for the access policy selected.
- **Start/End IP:** Enter the starting/ending IP address.
- **Port:** Enter the port range over the protocol for access policy.
- **Type:** Select one protocol (TCP/UDP/Both) from drop-down menu.
- **Times:** Select the time range of client filter.
- **Days:** Select the day(s) to run the access policy.

URL Filter

If you want to prevent computers in local network from accessing certain website (like pornography, violence, or anything you want to block), you can use this function to stop computers in local network from accessing the site you defined here.

The screenshot shows the 'URL Filter' configuration window. It includes the following elements:

- URL Filtering Setting:** A checkbox labeled 'Enable' which is checked.
- Access Policy:** A dropdown menu currently set to '10'.
- Enable:** A checkbox which is unchecked.
- Delete the Policy:** A button labeled 'Clear'.
- Filtering Mode:** Two radio buttons: 'Disable' (selected) and 'Enable' (unselected). The text 'access the Internet' is positioned to the right of the 'Enable' radio button.
- Policy Name:** An empty text input field.
- Start IP:** A text input field containing '192.168.0.'.
- End IP:** A text input field containing '192.168.0.'.
- DNS:** An empty text input field.
- Times:** Four dropdown menus, each showing '0'.
- Date:** A series of checkboxes for 'Everyday' (checked), 'Sun', 'Mon', 'Tue', 'Wen', 'Thr', 'Fri', and 'Sat'.
- Buttons:** 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom left.

- **URL Filtering Setting:** Select the checkbox to enable URL filter.
- **Access Policy:** Select one number from the drop-down menu.
- **Enable:** Select the checkbox to enable the access policy.
- **Delete the Policy:** Click **Clear** button to clear all settings for the policy.
- **Filtering Mode:** Select one button to enable or disable to access the Internet.
- **Policy Name:** Enter a name for the access policy selected.
- **Start/End IP:** Enter the starting/ending IP address.
- **DNS:** Input the string or keyword which is contained in URL. If any part of the URL contains these strings or words, the web page will not be accessible and display.
- **Times:** Select the time range of client filter.
- **Days:** Select the day(s) to run the access policy.

MAC Filter

MAC Filtering Settings: Enable

Access Policy: 10

Enable: Delete the Policy: Clear

Filtering Mode: Disable Enable access the Internet

Policy Name:

MAC Address: : : : : :

Times: 0 : 0 ~ 0 : 0

Date: Everyday Sun Mon Tue Wen Thr Fri Sat

Apply Cancel

- **MAC Filtering Settings:** Select the checkbox to enable MAC address filter.
- **Access Policy:** Select one number from the drop-down menu.
- **Enable:** Select the checkbox to enable the access policy.
- **Delete the Policy:** Click **Clear** button to clear all settings for the policy.
- **Filtering Mode:** Select one button to enable or disable to access the Internet.
- **Policy Name:** Enter a name for the access policy selected.
- **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address you want to run the access policy.
- **Times:** Select the time range of client filter.
- **Days:** Select the day(s) to run the access policy.

Prevent Network Attack

This function is to protect the internal network from exotic attack such as SYN Flooding attack, Smurf attack, LAND attack, etc. Once detecting the unknown attack, ZSR9104WE will restrict its bandwidth automatically.

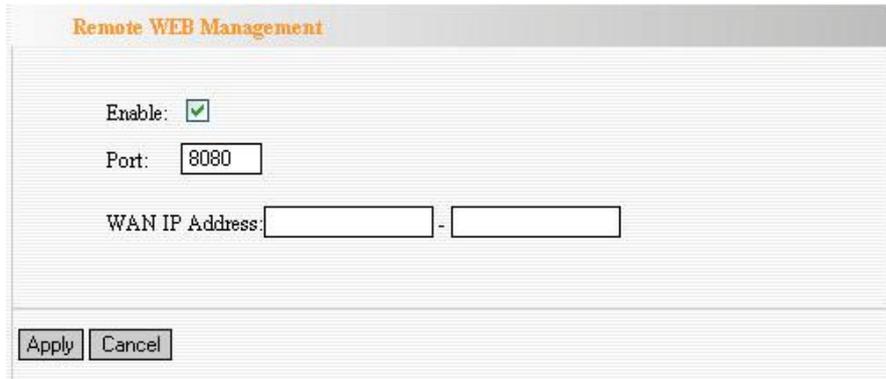
Prevent Network Attack

Apply Cancel

- **Prevent Network Attack:** Select the checkbox to enable it.

Remote WEB Management

This function is to allow the network administrator to manage ZSR9104WE remotely. If you want to access ZSR9104WE from outside the local network, please select the **Enable**.



Remote WEB Management

Enable:

Port:

WAN IP Address: -

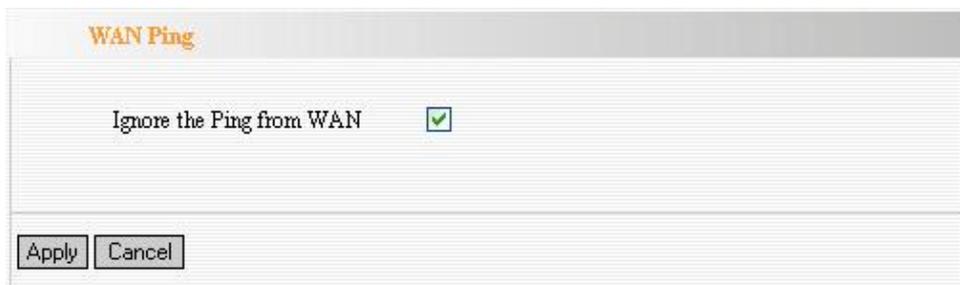
- **Enable:** Select the checkbox to enable remote web management.
- **Port:** The management port open to outside access. Default value is 8080.

Note: If you want to login ZSR9104WE's Web-based interface via port 8080, you need use the format of **WAN IP address: port** (ex. `http://219.134.32.101: 8080`) to implement remote login.

- **WAN IP Address:** Specify the range of the WAN IP address for remote management.

WAN Ping

The ping test is to check the status of your internet connection. When disabling the test, the system will ignore the ping test from WAN.



WAN Ping

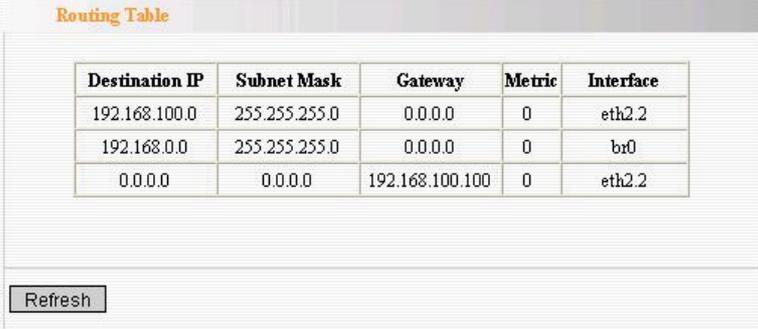
Ignore the Ping from WAN

- **Disable the Ping for WAN:** Select the checkbox to enable it.

Chapter 11 Routing Settings

Routing Table

The main duty for ZSR9104WE is to look for a best path for every data frame, and transfer this data frame to destination. So, it's essential for ZSR9104WE to choose the best path. In order to finish this function, many transferring paths are saved in ZSR9104WE for choosing when needed.



Destination IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Metric	Interface
192.168.100.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	0	eth2.2
192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	0	br0
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.100.100	0	eth2.2

Refresh

Chapter 12 System Tools

Time Settings

This function is to select the time zone for your location. If you turn off ZSR9104WE, the time settings will disappear. However, ZSR9104WE will automatically obtain the GMT time again once it access to the Internet.

Time Settings

Time Zone:
(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US and Canada): Tijuana;Los Angeles

(Notice: GMT time can be obtained only after accessing to the Internet.)

Customized time:

2010 Y 07 M 09 D 14 H 50 M 17 S

Apply Cancel

- **Time Zone:** Select your time zone from the drop-down menu.
- **Customized time:** Select the checkbox and input the time you customize.

DDNS

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) is to assign a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP address, which is used to monitor hosting website, FTP server and so on behind ZSR9104WE. If you want to activate this function, please select Enable and a DDNS service provider to sign up.

DDNS

DDNS Enable Disable

Service Provider: DynDNS.com

User Name:

Password:

Domain Name:

Apply Cancel

- **DDNS:** Select one button to enable or disable the DDNS service.
- **Service Provider:** Select one from the drop-down menu and press **Sign up** for registration.
- **User Name:** Enter the same user name as the registration name.
- **Password:** Enter the password you set.
- **Domain Name:** Enter the domain name which is optional.

Backup/Restore

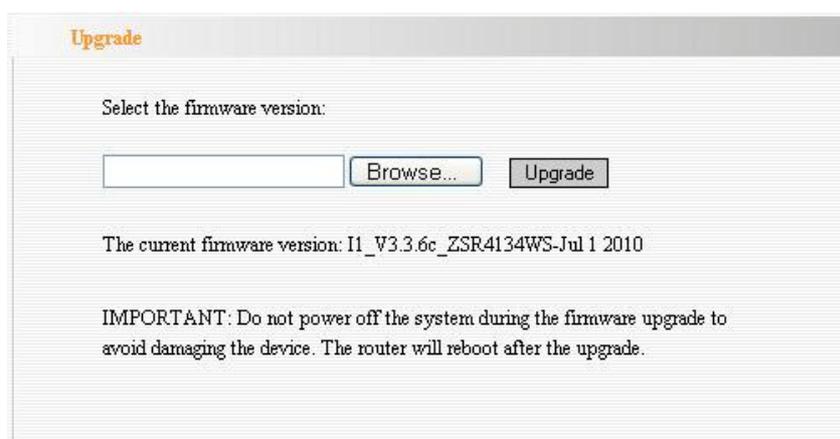
Backup/Restore

The device provides backup/restore settings, so you need set a directory to keep these parameters.

Please choose restore file:

- **Backup:** Click to back up ZSR9104WE's configurations.
- **Browse:** Click to browse the path where you want to save files.
- **Restore:** Click to restore ZSR9104WE's configurations.

Upgrade



Upgrade

Select the firmware version:

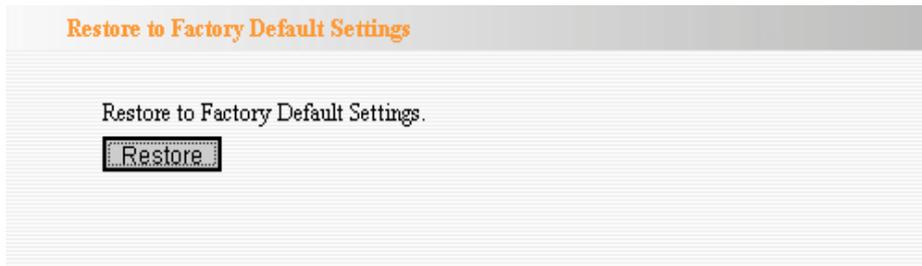
The current firmware version: I1_V3.3.6c_ZSR4134WS-Jul 1 2010

IMPORTANT: Do not power off the system during the firmware upgrade to avoid damaging the device. The router will reboot after the upgrade.

- **Browse:** Click to browse the path to the upgraded firmware files.
- **Upgrade:** Click to start upgrade firmware.

IMPORTANT: Do not power off the system during the firmware upgrade to avoid damaging. ZSR9104WE will reboot automatically after the upgrade.

Restore to Factory Default Settings



- **Restore to Factory Default Settings:** Click to restore to default settings.

Factory Default Settings:

User Name: **admin**

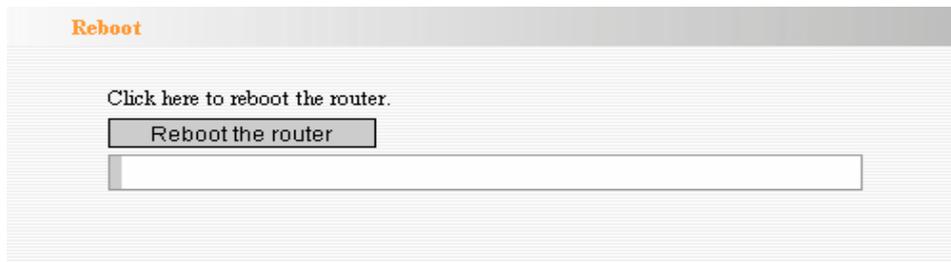
Password: **admin**

IP Address: **192.168.0.1**

Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**

NOTE: After restoring to default settings, please reboot ZSR9104WE so the settings will take effect.

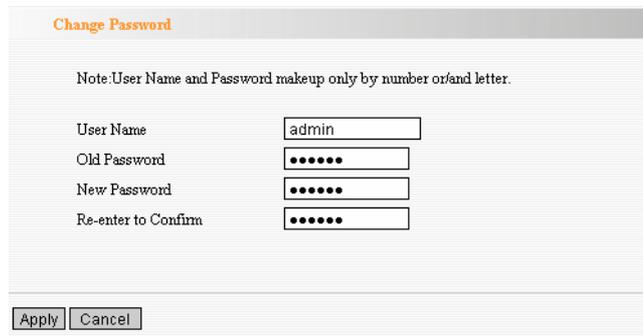
Reboot



- **Reboot the router:** Click to reboot ZSR9104WE.

Change Password

The new password should be less than 14 characters.



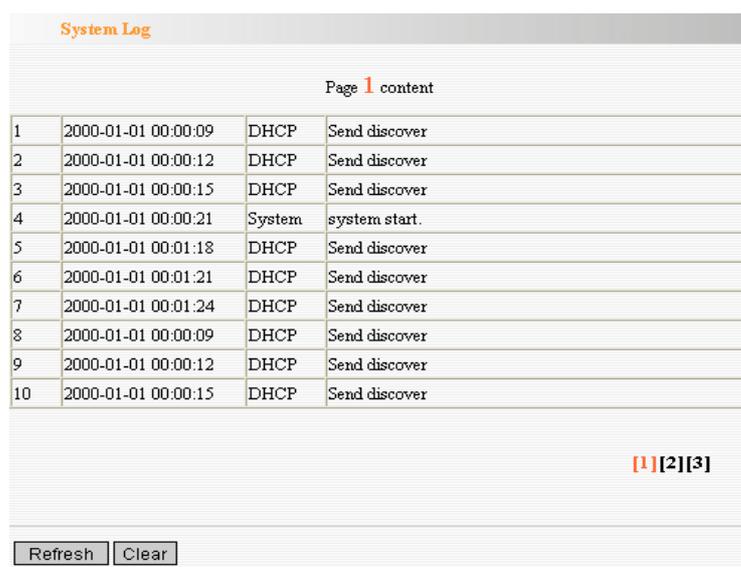
The image shows a web form titled "Change Password". At the top, there is a note: "Note: User Name and Password makeup only by number or/and letter." Below the note are four input fields: "User Name" with the value "admin", "Old Password" with six dots, "New Password" with six dots, and "Re-enter to Confirm" with six dots. At the bottom of the form are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

- **User Name:** Enter a new user name.
- **Old Password:** Enter the old password.
- **New Password:** Enter a new password.
- **Re-enter to Confirm:** Re-enter to confirm the new password.

NOTE: It is highly recommended to change the password to secure your network and ZSR9104WE.

System Log

If the log is over 150 records, it will clear them automatically.



The image shows a web interface for the "System Log". The title is "System Log" and it indicates "Page 1 content". Below the title is a table with 10 rows of log entries. Each row contains a sequence number, a timestamp, a protocol, and an event description. At the bottom right of the table area, there are page navigation links: "[1][2][3]". At the bottom of the interface are two buttons: "Refresh" and "Clear".

Seq	Time	Protocol	Event
1	2000-01-01 00:00:09	DHCP	Send discover
2	2000-01-01 00:00:12	DHCP	Send discover
3	2000-01-01 00:00:15	DHCP	Send discover
4	2000-01-01 00:00:21	System	system start.
5	2000-01-01 00:01:18	DHCP	Send discover
6	2000-01-01 00:01:21	DHCP	Send discover
7	2000-01-01 00:01:24	DHCP	Send discover
8	2000-01-01 00:00:09	DHCP	Send discover
9	2000-01-01 00:00:12	DHCP	Send discover
10	2000-01-01 00:00:15	DHCP	Send discover

- **Refresh:** Click to update the log.
- **Clear:** Click to clear the current shown log.

Appendix 1: Product Features & Specifications

Features:

- Integrates router, wireless access point, four-port switch and firewall in one
- Complies with IEEE802.11n, IEEE802.11b and IEEE802.11g standards
- MIMO technology utilizes reflection signal to increase 8 times transmission distance of original
- 802.11g standard and reduces the "dead spots" in the wireless coverage area
- Provides 300Mbps receiving rate and 300Mbps sending rate
- Supports WMM for Multimedia Applications with Quality of Service in Wi-Fi® Networks
- Supports 64/128-bit WEP, WPA, WPA2 encryption methods
- WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) simplify the security setup and management of Wi-Fi networks.
- Supports remote/local Web management
- Supports wireless Roaming technology and ensures high-efficient wireless connections
- Supports wireless SSID stealth mode and MAC address access control
- Supports Auto MDI/MDIX
- Provides system log to record the status of the router
- Supports MAC address filtering, NAT, NAPT
- Supports UPnP and DDNS
- Supports the access control over 30 MAC addresses
- Supports DHCP server/client
- Supports SNTP
- Supports virtual server and DMZ host
- Supports auto wireless channel selection
- Supports WDS function (wireless distribution system)
- Supplies with Dual 7dBi Omni-Directional Antenna

Specifications:

General Features	
Standards	IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11b
OS	Windows 2000, XP, Vista, 7; Linux; Macintosh
User interface	Easy to use user configuration software
Transmit distance	Indoor up to 100M, Outdoor up to 300M
roaming	Support multipoint auto roaming and configuration; Support wireless network environments auto detect.
LED	LAN 1-4/WAN/WLAN/SYS/POWER
Antenna type	Extended dual Omni-Directional Antenna (Detachable)
RF and baseband Technical Features	
Frequency range	2.4GHz ~ 2.4835GHZ
Radio data rate	11n: 300/150/130/117/104/78/52/39/26/13Mbps 65/58.5/52/39/26/19.5/13/6.5Mbps 11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps 11b: 11/5.5/2/1Mbps
Modulation	OFDM, CCK, BPSK, QPSK
Spectrum Spread Technology	DSSS
Sensitivity	11n 20MHz/40MHz: -65dBm 54Mbps: -72dBm 11Mbps: -88dBm
Antenna Gain	2 x 7dBi
Flash	4M Bytes
System Memory	16M Bytes
RF Power	17 dbm
Channels	11 Channels (USA, Canada) 13 Channels (Europe)
Media Access Protocol	WMM
Data security	WPA/WPA2; 64/128-bit WEP; TKIP/AES
Environmental and Physical	
Operation Temp.	0°C ~40°C
Storage Temp.	-20°C~70°C
Operation Humidity	10%~90% RH no condensing

Appendix 2: Troubleshooting

Q1. I Can not login to the Web interface of ZSR9104WE after entering the IP address in the address field?

Step 1: check ZSR9104WE if it works well. Once the device is powered on for a few seconds, the POWER indicator on the panel will be turned on. If it is not, please contact us.

Step 2: check the network cable if it is work and the corresponding indicator is "Always ON". Sometimes, the indicator is "Always ON", but it does not mean it gets through.

Step 3: Run "Ping" command and check if it can ping ZSR9104WE's LAN IP address 192.168.0.1. If it is OK, please make sure your browser does not access the Internet by proxy server. If the ping fails, you can press the "RESET" button for 7 seconds to restore to default settings. And then repeat the ping operation. If it still does not work, please contact us.

Q2. I forget the login password and can not enter the setting page. What can I do?

Press the "RESET" button for 7 seconds to restore ZSR9104WE to default settings.

Q3. The computer connected with ZSR9104WE shows IP address conflict. What can I do?

Check if there are other DHCP servers in the LAN. If there have, disable them. The default IP address of ZSR9104WE is 192.168.0.1 and please maker sure the address is not occupied by other devices. If there are two computers with the same IP addresses, please modify one.

Q4. I can not use E-mail and access the Internet. What can I do?

It happens in ADSL connection and Dynamic IP users. And you need modify the default MTU value (1492). Please in the "WAN Setting" modify the MTU value with the recommended value as 1450 or 1400.

Q5. How to configure and access the Internet via Dynamic IP?

In Setup Wizard of the Web utility interface, select "Dynamic IP" connection type and click "Save" to activate it. As some ISPs bind the user computer's MAC address, you need to clone ZSR9104WE's WAN MAC address to the binding PC's MAC address. Select "MAC Address Clone" in "Advanced Setting" to input your computer's MAC address and click "Apply" to activate it.

Q6. How to share my computer's source with other users in Internet?

If you want Internet users to access the internal server via ZSR9104WE such as e-mail server, Web, FTP, you can configure the "Virtual Server" to come true.

Step 1: create your internal server, make sure the LAN users can access these servers and know related service port. For example, Web server's port is 80; FTP is 21; SMTP is 25 and POP3 is 110.

Step 2: in the Router's web click "Virtual Server" and select "Single Port Forwarding".

Step 3: input the external service port given by the Router, for example, 80.

Step 4: input the internal Web service port, for example, 80.

Step 5: Input the internal server's IP address. If your Web server's IP address is 192.168.0.10, please input it.

Step 6: select the communication protocol used by your internal host: TCP, UDP, ICMP.

Step 7: click "Apply" to activate the settings.

Q7. How to connect Xbox360 and PlayStation to ZSR9104WE?

You must obtain a Static IP address from your ISP. Follow the instruction in the CD ROM filename ***Xbox360.pdf*** and setup your game console properly. After you have successfully configured your game console, you have to open ports from the ZSR9104WE to allow two way communications. For more information on port forwarding instruction, please refer this user manual to Chapter 8.

Q8. Can I connect the provided antenna set to my other wireless devices?

Provided antenna set only works with 802.11b/g/n wireless routers, access points and/or wireless adapters with two (2) RP-SMA antenna receptacles.