Long Range Wireless N Client Bridge/Access Point

Model: ENH200



User Manual

Version: 1.0

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About This Document

Audience

This document is written for networking professionals responsible for installing and managing the EnGenius ENH Series Outdoor Access Point/Bridge. To use this guide, you should have knowledge about TCP/IP and IEEE 802.11 standards, and be familiar with the concepts and terminology associated with wireless local-area networks (WLANs).

This document provides the information you need to install and configure your Access Point/bridge.

Convention

This publication uses these conventions/symbols to convey instructions and information and highlight special message.

CAUTION	Caution: This symbol represents the important message on incorrect device
	operation that might damage the device
NOTE	Note: This symbol represents the important message for the settings.
TIP	Tip: This symbol represents the alternative choice that can save time or
	resources.

Icons used

Figures in this document may use the following generic icons.

EHN device	WLAN signal	Client computer laptop
anina a)))	
Internet	Client computer desktop	PoE injector
Power adapter		

Chapter 1 Product Overview

Thank you for choosing ENH200. The ENH200 is a long range, high-performance IEEE 802.11b/g/n network solution that provides Access Point, Client Bridge, WDS, and Client Router functions in a single device.

In addition to providing the latest wireless technology, the ENH200 supports Power over Ethernet and Power by Adapter capabilities, which allow the device to be installed easily in nearly any indoor or outdoor location. Advanced features include power level control, narrow bandwidth selection, traffic shaping, and Real-time RSSI indication.

A variety of security features help to protect your data and privacy while you are online. Security features include Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK), 64/128/152-bit WEP Encryption, and IEEE 802.1x with RADIUS.

1.1 Feature

The following list summarizes the key features of the ENH200:

- High-speed data rates up to 150 Mbps make the ENH200 ideally suited for handling heavy data payloads such as MPEG video streaming
- High output power up to 26 dBm delivers superior range and coverage
- Fully Interoperable with IEEE 802.11b/IEEE 802.11g/IEEE 802.11n-compliant devices
- Multi-function capabilities enable users to use different modes in various environments
- Point-to-point and point-to-multipoint wireless connectivity enable data transfers between two or more buildings
- Channel bandwidth selection allows the appropriate bandwidth to be used to reach various distances
- RSSI indicator makes it easy to select the best signal for Access Point connections
- Power-over-Ethernet capabilities allow for flexible installation locations and cost savings
- Four SSIDs let clients access different networks through a single Access Point, and assign different policies and functions for each SSID
- WPA2/WPA/ WEP/ IEEE 802.1x support and MAC address filtering ensure secure network connections
- PPPoE/PPTP function support make it easy to access the Internet via Internet Service Provider (ISP) service authentication
- SNMP Remote Configuration Management helps administrators remotely configure or manage the Access Point
- QoS (WMM) support enhances performance and user experiences

1.2 Benefits

The ENH200 is the ideal product around which you can build your WLAN. The following list summarizes a few key advantages that WLANs have over wired networks:

Ideal for hard-to-wire environments

There are many scenarios where cables cannot be used to connect networking devices. Historic and older buildings, open areas, and busy streets, for example, make wired LAN installations difficult, expensive, or impossible.

Temporary workgroups

WLANs make it easy to provide connectivity to temporary workgroups that will later be removed. Examples include parks, athletic arenas, exhibition centers, disaster-recovery shelters, temporary offices, and construction sites.

Ability to access real-time information

With a WLAN, workers who rely on access to real-time information, such as doctors and nurses, point-of-sale employees, mobile workers, and warehouse personnel, can access the data they need and increase productivity, without having to look for a place to plug into the network.

Frequently changed environments

WLANs are well suited for showrooms, meeting rooms, retail stores, and manufacturing sites where workplaces are rearranged frequently.

Wireless extensions to Ethernet networks

WLANs enable network managers in dynamic environments to minimize overhead caused by moves, extensions to networks, and other changes.

Wired LAN backup

Network managers can implement WLANs to provide backup for mission-critical applications running on wired networks.

Mobility within training/educational facilities

Training sites at corporations and students at universities are a few examples where wireless connectivity can be used to facilitate access to information, information exchanges, and learning.

1.3 Package Contents

Open the package carefully and make sure it contains all of the items listed below.

- One EnGenius Wireless Access Point / Client Bridge (ENH200)
- One 24V/0.6A power adapter
- One PoE injector (EPE-24R)
- One mast strap
- One quick-installation guide
- One CD containing the user manual

If any item is missing or damaged, contact your place of purchase immediately.

Keep all packing materials in case you need to return the ENH200. The ENH200 must be returned with its original packing materials.

CAUTION

Use only the power adapter supplied with your ENH200. Using a different power adapter can damage the ENH200.

1.3 System Requirement

To install the ENH200, you need an Ethernet cable and a computer equipped with:

- An Ethernet interface
- One of the following operating systems: Microsoft Windows XP, Vista, or 7; or Linux
- An Internet browser that supports HTTP and JavaScript

Chapter 2 Hardware Overview

The following figures show the key components on the ENH200.

2.1 Bottom View

The bottom panel of the ENH200 contains two RJ-45 ports, a PoE interface, and a Reset button. A removable cover covers these components.

- The RJ-45 port connects to an Ethernet adapter in a computer you use to configure the ENH200.
 For more information, see Chapter 4.
- The PoE interface allows the ENH200 to be powered using the supplied PoE injector.
- The Reset button can be used to reboot the ENH200 and return the device to its default factory configuration, erasing any overrides you may have made to the device's default settings. The Reset button is recessed to prevent accidental resets. To reboot the ENH200, use a flat object such as a pencil to press the Reset button for approximately 10 seconds and then stop pressing the Reset button.

2.2 Back Panel

The back panel of the ENH200 contains the LED indicators that show the link quality and status of the ENH200.

Chapter 3 Installation

This chapter describes how to install the ENH200. It also describes the ENH200 LEDs.

Only experienced installation professionals who are familiar with local building and safety codes and, wherever applicable, are licensed by the appropriate government regulatory authorities should install the ENH200.

3.1 Pre-installation Guidelines

Select the optimal locations for the equipment using the following guidelines:

- The ENH200 should be mounted on a 1"-4" pole. Its location should enable easy access to the unit and its connectors for installation and testing.
- The higher the placement of the antenna, the better the achievable link quality.
- The antenna should be installed to provide a direct, or near line of sight with the Base Station antenna. The antenna should be aligned to face the general direction of the Base Station.

3.2 Installing the ENH200

To install the ENH200, use the following procedure to mount the device on a pole and refer to the figure below.

- 1. The bottom of the ENH200 is a movable cover. Grab the cover and pull it back hard to remove the cover.
- 2. Insert a standard Ethernet cable into the RJ-45 port labeled **MAIN LAN**.
- 3. Slide the cover back to seal the bottom of the ENH200.
- 4. Remove the power cord and PoE injector from the box and plug the power cord into the DC port of the PoE injector.

Only use the power adapter supplied with the ENH200. Using a different power adapter might damage the ENH200

might damage the ENH200.

5. Plug the other side of the Ethernet cable in step 3 into the PoE port of the PoE injector. When you finish step 5, the installation will resemble the following picture.



- 6. Turn over the ENH200. Then insert the mast strap through the middle hole of the ENH200. Use a screwdriver to unlock the pole-mounting ring putting it through the ENH200.
- 7. Mount the EOA200 securely to the pole by locking the strap tightly.

This completes the installation procedure.

3.2 Understanding the ENH200 LEDs

The rear of the ENH200 has two groups of LEDs. One group, labeled **INDICATORS**, shows the status of the device. The second group, **LINK QUALITY**, shows the strength of the link between the ENH200 and the network. The following table describes the ENH200 LEDs.

LED	Color	Mode	Status
Power	Green	OFF= ENH200	is not receiving power.
		ON= ENH200 i	is receiving power.
LAN	Green	OFF = ENH200) is not connected to the network.
		ON = ENH200	is connected to the network, but not sending or
		receiving data	
		Blink = ENH20	0 is sending or receiving data.
WLAN	Green	Access Point	OFF = ENH200 radio is off and the device is not
		or Client	sending or receiving data over the wireless LAN.
		Bridge Mode	ON = ENH200 radio is on, and the device is not
			sending or receiving data over the wireless LAN.
			Blink = ENH200 radio is on, and the device is sending
			or receiving data over the wireless LAN.
Link Quality	See Status	Access Point	Shows the strength of the link between the ENH200
	column	or Client	and the network.
		Bridge Mode	G = good quality (green).
			Y = medium quality (yellow).
			R = poor or no link (red).

Chapter 4 Configuring Your Computer for TCP/IP

To configure the ENH200, use a computer that is configured for TCP/IP. This chapter describes how to configure the TCP/IP settings on a computer that will be used to configure the ENH200.

4.1 Configuring Microsoft Windows 7

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows 7.

1. In the Start menu search box, type: ncpa.cpl



2. When the Network Connections List appears, right-click the Local Area Connection icon and click **Properties**.

			x
💮 💮 👻 🗜 🕨 All C 🕨 Network Connec 🔹 🍫	Search Network Connection	ns	٩
Organize 🔻	ы= <u>ы</u> =	•	0
Local Area Connection Network Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller			

3. In the Networking tab, click either Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) or Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6), and then click Properties.

Local Area Connection Properties Networking	Send Feedback
Connect using:	
Network Connection	
This connection uses the following items:	<u>C</u> onfigure
QoS Packet Scheduler GoS Packet Scheduler GoS Packet Scheduler File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv Internet Protocol Versi 4 (TCP/IPv	Networks 6) 4) per I/O Driver ponder
Install	Properties
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Prot wide area network protocol that provides c across diverse interconnected networks.	ocol. The default ommunication
0	K Cancel

4. In the properties dialog box, click **Obtain an IP address automatically** to configure your computer for DHCP.

serierai	Alternate Configuration	n				
You car this cap for the	n get IP settings assigne bability. Otherwise, you appropriate IP settings	ed automatica need to ask y	lly if our r	your n networ	etwork k admi	supports nistrator
0	btain an IP address auto	omatically				
- O U:	se the following IP addre	ess:				
IP a	ddress:					
Subr	net mask:			0		
Defa	ault gateway:		÷.	S	14	
0	btain DNS server <mark>addr</mark> es	ss automatica	lly			
- 🔘 U:	se the following DNS ser	ver addresse	s:			
Pref	erred DNS server:					
Alter	rnate DNS server:		5	3		
V	alidate settings upon e	dt			Adv	vanced

- 5. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 6. Click the OK button again to save your changes.

4.2 Configuring Microsoft Windows Vista

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows Vista with the default interface. If you use the Classic interface, where the icons and menus resemble previous Windows versions, perform the procedure in section 4.4.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and then select the **Network and Internet** icon.
- 2. Click View Networks Status and tasks and then click Management Networks Connections.
- 3. Right-click the Local Area Connection icon and click Properties.
- 4. Click **Continue**. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.
- In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that Internet Protocol (TCP/IPv4) is checked. Then select Internet Protocol (TCP/IPv4) and click the Properties button. The Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties dialog box appears.

D Toridi	ng	
Connect using:		
🔮 Broadcom	NetXtreme Gigabit Etherne	t
		Configure
This connection u	ises the following items:	
✓ ≤ SNIFFEF ✓ ▲ Reliable ✓ ▲ AEGIS F ✓ ▲ Internet ✓ ▲ Internet ✓ ▲ Link-Lay ✓ ▲ Link-Lay	R Protocol Driver Multicast Protocol Protocol (IEEE 802.1x) v2.3 Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IF Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IF er Topology Discovery Maj er Topology Discovery Res	1.1.6 Vo6) pper I/O Driver sponder
l <u>n</u> stall	<u>U</u> ninstall	Properties
Description Transmission D	ontrol Protocol/Internet Pro ork protocol that provides	otocol. The default communication

6. In the Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties dialog box, click **Obtain an IP address automatically** to configure your computer for DHCP.

You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network sup this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administr for the appropriate IP settings. © Obtain an IP address automatically © Uge the following IP address: IP address: Subnet mask: Default gateway: © Obtain DNS server address automatically	can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network support capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrato the appropriate IP settings. Obtain an IP address automatically Uge the following IP address: P address: Obtain DNS server address automatically Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS server addresses: Creferred DNS server: Subrate DNS server:				
Obtain an IP address automatically Uge the following IP address: IP address: Subnet mask: Oefault gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically		omatically if to ask your	your n netwoi	etwork : rk admin	supports istrator
Use the following IP address: IP address: Subnet mask: Default gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically	Uge the following IP address: IP address: Subnet mask: Opfault gateway: Objtain DNS server address automatically Objtain DNS server addresses: Orgenered DNS server: Other and the server: Other addresses:	ally			
IP address: Subnet mask: Default gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically	P address:				
Subnet mask: Default gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically	Subnet mask:		16		1
Default gateway:	Optault gateway:				
Obtain DNS server address automatically	Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS server addresses: referred DNS server: Aternate DNS server:		09		
) Use the following DN5 server addresses: Preferred DN5 server:	omatically			
Use the following DNS server addresses:	Preferred DNS server:	dresses:			
Preferred DNS server:	Alternate DNS server: , , ,	(vi	- \/4	- 14	
Alternate DNS server:					
Use the following DNS server ac <u>Preferred DNS server:</u> <u>Alternate DNS server;</u>			omatically if to ask your ally ally omatically Idresses:	ally	omatically if your network admin ally

- 7. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 8. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

Local
Limited
Enabled
00:18:59
100.0 Mbps
Received
33,200
iagnose

4.3 Configuring Microsoft Windows XP

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows XP with the default interface. If you use the Classic interface, where the icons and menus resemble previous Windows versions, perform the procedure in section 4.4.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and then click **Network and Internet Connections**.
- 2. Click the Network Connections icon.
- 3. Click **Local Area Connection** for the Ethernet adapter connected to the ENH200. The Local Area Connection Status dialog box appears.
- 4. In the Local Area Connection Status dialog box, click the **Properties** button. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.

🕹 Local Area Con	nection Status	? 🛛
General Support		
Connection		
Status:		Connected
Duration:		23:52:21
Speed:		100.0 Mbps
Signal Strength:		
Activity	7	
	Sent — 🗾 —	- Received
Packets:	63,125	75,381
	<u>D</u> isable	

- 5. In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** is checked. Then select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box appears.
- 6. In the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box, click **Obtain an IP address automatically** to configure your computer for DHCP. Click the **OK** button to save this change and close the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box.
- 7. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.
- 8. Restart your computer.

4.4 Configuring Microsoft Windows 2000

Use the following procedure to configure your computer if your computer has Microsoft Windows 2000 installed.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2. In the Control Panel window, double-click the **Network and Dial-up Connections** icon. If the Ethernet adapter in your computer is installed correctly, the Local Area Connection icon appears.
- 3. Double-click the **Local Area Connection** icon for the Ethernet adapter connected to the ENH200. The Local Area Connection Status dialog box appears.

Local Area Connection Status	? ×
General	
Connection Status: Duration:	Connected 5 days 22:22:36
Speed:	100.0 Mbps
Activity Sent — Packets: 178,1	- Er Received
<u>Eroperties</u> Disable	

- 4. In the Local Area Connection Status dialog box, click the **Properties** button. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.
- 5. In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** is checked. Then select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button.
- 6. Click **Obtain an IP address automatically** to configure your computer for DHCP.
- 7. Click the **OK** button to save this change and close the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box.
- 8. Click **OK** button again to save these new changes.
- 9. Restart your computer.

4.5 Configuring an Apple Macintosh Computer

The following procedure describes how to configure TCP/IP on an Apple Macintosh running Mac OS 10.2. If your Apple Macintosh is running Mac OS 7.x or later, the steps you perform and the screens you see may differ slightly from the following. However, you should still be able to use this procedure as a guide to configuring your Apple Macintosh for TCP/IP.

- 1. Pull down the Apple Menu, click **System Preferences**, and select **Network**.
- 2. Verify that the NIC connected to the ENH200 is selected in the **Show** field.
- 3. In the **Configure** field on the **TCP/IP** tab, select **Using DHCP**.
- 4. Click **Apply Now** to apply your settings and close the TCP/IP dialog box.

00	Networ	k	
	Location: Automatic	:	
Show: Built-in E	thernet 🗧		
	TCP/IP PPPoE App	leTalk Proxies	
Configu	Ire: Using DHCP	:	
		DNS Servers	(Optional)
IP Addr	ess: 10.1.28.83 (Provided by DHCP Server)		
Subnet Ma	usk: 255.255.252.0		
Rou	ter: 10.1.28.254	Search Domains	(Optional)
DHCP Client	ID:		
	(Optional)	Example: apple.com	
Ethernet Add	ess: 00:50:e4:00:2c:06	earthlink.net	
Click the loci	to prevent further changes.	(Revert)	Apply Now

Chapter 5 Introducing the Web Configurator

The ENH200 has a built-in Web Configurator that lets you manage the unit from any location using a Web browser that supports HTTP and has JavaScript installed.

5.1 Logging in to the Web Configurator

After configuring the computer for TCP/IP using the procedure appropriate for your operating system, use that computer's Web browser to log in to the ENH200 Web Configurator.

1. Launch your Web browser.

2. In the browser address bar, type 192.168.1.1 and press the Enter key.



NOTE

If you changed the ENH200 LAN IP address, enter the correct IP address.

3. When the Windows Security window appears, type **admin** as the username in the top field and type **admin** as the password in the bottom field.



4. Click OK

You are now ready to use the instructions in the following chapters to configure the ENH200.

5.2 Best Practices

Perform the following procedures regularly to make the ENH200 more secure and manage the ENH200 more effectively.

- **Change the default password.** Use a password that is not easy to guess and that contains different characters, such as numbers and letters. The ENH200 username cannot be changed. For more information, see page 72.
- **Back up the configuration** and be sure you know how to restore it. Restoring an earlier working configuration can be useful if the ENH200 becomes unstable or crashes. If you forget your password, you will have to reset the ENH200 to its factory default settings and lose any customized override settings you configured. However, if you back up an earlier configuration, you will not have to completely reconfigure the ENH200. You can simply restore your last configuration. For more information, see page 76.

Chapter 6 Status

The Status section on the navigation drop-down menu contains the following options:

- Main
- Wireless Client List
- System Log
- Connection Status

The following sections describe these options.

6.1 Save/Load

This page lets you save and apply the settings shown under **Unsaved changes list**, or cancel the unsaved changes and revert to the previous settings that were in effect.

Save/Reload	Home	Reset
۹		
Unsaved changes list		
network.sys.opmode=ap' wireless.wifi0.countryName=N/A		
Caution: Network Setting changed, redirect IP to 192.168.	1.1	
Save & Apply Revert		

6.2 Main

Clicking the **Main** link under the **Status** drop-down menu or clicking **Home** at the top-right of the Web Configurator shows status information about the current operating mode.

- The **System Information** section shows general system information such as operating mode, system up time, firmware version, serial number, kernel version, and application version.
- The LAN Settings section shows Local Area Network setting such as the LAN IP address, subnet mask, and MAC address.
- The **Current Wireless Settings** section shows wireless information such as frequency and channel. Since the ENH200 supports multiple-SSIDs, information about each SSID, such as its ESSID and security settings, are displayed.

Main		Home	Reset
System Information			
Device Name	ENH200		
Ethernet WAN MAC Address	00:02:6F:34:56:78		
Ethernet LAN MAC Address	00:02:6F:34:56:78		
Wireless MAC Address	00:02:6F:34:56:78		
Country	N/A		
Current Time	Tue Oct 19 11:40:42 UTC 2010		
Firmware Version	0.9.0.1 build-101019 (5b39146d)		
Management VLAN ID	Untagged		
I AN Settings			
IP Address	192.168.1.1		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	192.168.1.1		
Primary DNS	0.0.0.0		
Secondary DNS	0.0.0.0		
DHCP Client	Disabled		

Current Wireless Settings

Operation Mode	Access Point			
Wireless Mode	IEEE 802.11b/g/n mixed			
Channel Bandwidth	40 MHz			
Frequency/Channel	2.442 GHz (Channel 7)			
Profile Isolation	No			
Profile Settings (SSID/Security/VID)	1 EnGenius1/None/1 2 N/A 3 N/A 4 N/A			
Spanning Tree Protocol	Disabled			
Distance	3 Km			

6.3 Wireless Client List

Clicking the **Wireless Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu displays the list of clients associated to the ENH200, along with the MAC addresses and signal strength for each client. Clicking the **Refresh** button updates (refreshes) the client list.

Client I	Home	Reset
#	MAC Address	RSSI(dBm)
Refresh		

6.4 System Log

The ENH200 automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in its internal memory. To view the logged information, click the **System Log** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. If there is not enough internal memory to log all events, older events are deleted from the log.

Sys	ste	m I	Log		Home Reset
Show	log i	type	All	•	
Oct	19	10:	16:58	(none)	user.warn kernel: jffs2 build filesystem(): erasing -
Oct	19	10:	16:58	(none)	user.info kernel: mini fo: using storage directory:
Oct	19	10:	16:58	(none)	user.info kernel: mini fo: using base directory: /
Oct	19	10:	16:34	(none)	user.warn kernel: jffs2 scan eraseblock(): End of f
Oct	19	10:	16:34	(none)	user.warn kernel: jffs2 build filesystem(): unlocki
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	user.warn kernel: ar5416SetSwitchCom, ant switch co
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: using local addresses onl
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	daemon.info dnsmasg[823]: using local addresses onl
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: started, version 2.52 cac
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	<pre>daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: reading /tmp/resolv.conf.</pre>
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: read /etc/hosts - 1 addre
Oct	19	10:	16:33	(none)	daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: compile time options: IPv
Oct	19	10:	16:31	(none)	user.info kernel: device ath0 entered promiscuous m
Oct	19	10:	16:31	(none)	user.info kernel: br-lan: topology change detected,
Oct	19	10:	16:31	(none)	user.info kernel: br-lan: port 3(ath0) entering lea
Oct	19	10:	16:31	(none)	user.info kernel: br-lan: port 3(ath0) entering for
Oct	19	10:	16:30	(none)	user.warn kernel: osif_vap_init : wait for connecti
Oct	19	10:	16:30	(none)	user.info kernel: device ath0 left promiscuous mode
Oct	19	10:	16:30	(none)	user.info kernel: br-lan: port 3(ath0) entering dis
Oct	19	10:	16:25	(none)	user.warn kernel: start running
Oct	19	10:	16:25	(none)	user.warn kernel: set SIOC80211NWID, 8 characters
Oct	19	10:	16:25	(none)	user.warn kernel: osif_vap_init : wakeup from wait 🔻
•					•

Refresh Clear

6.5 Connection Status

Clicking the **Connection Status** link under the **Status** drop-down menu displays the current status of the network. The information shown includes network type, SSID, BSSID, connection status, wireless mode, current channel, security, data rate, noise level, and signal strength.

Wireless	
Network Type	Client Router
SSID	EnGenius
BSSID	N/A
Connection Status	N/A
Wireless Mode	N/A
Current Channel	N/A
Security	N/A
Tx Data Rate(Mbps)	N/A
Current noise level	N/A
Signal strength	N/A
WAN	
MAC Address	00:02:6f:75:9f:a8
Connection Type	Static IP
Connection Status	Down
IP Address	
IP Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Refresh	

6.6 DHCP Client Table

Clicking the **DHCP Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu displays the clients that are associated to the ENH200 through DHCP. The MAC addresses and signal strength for each client are also shown. Clicking the **Refresh** button updates (refreshes) the client list.

DHCP Client List		Home Reset
MAC addr	IP	Expires
Refresh		

Chapter 7 System

This chapter describes how to change the ENH200 operating modes.

7.1 Changing Operating Modes

The ENH200 supports four operating modes:

- Access Point
- Client Bridge
- WDS Bridge
- Client Router

To select an operating mode, click **System Properties** under **System Section**. Then go to **System > Operation mode**.

System Prop	Home	Reset		
System Properties				
Device Name	ENH200	(1 to 32 char	acters)	
Country/Region	Please Select a Country Code	-		
Operation Mode	 Access Point Client Bridge WDS Bridge Client Router 			
Accept Cancel				

Device Name: Enter a name for the device. The name you type appears in SNMP management. This name is not the SSID and is not broadcast to other devices.

Country/Region: Select a Country/Region to conform to local regulations.

Operation Mode: Use the radio button to select an operating mode. To use Access Point mode with WDS, select **Access Point** here and then enable the WDS function in the Wireless Network section (see section 8.6).

Click Accept to confirm the changes.



Clicking **Accept** does not apply the changes. To apply them, use **Status > Save/Load** (see section 4.1).

Chapter 8 Wireless Configuration

This chapter describes the ENH200's wireless settings. Please read the information in this chapter carefully. If you configure a setting improperly, it can impact performance and affect the network adversely. Before you continue, be sure you selected the appropriate operating mode (see Chapter 7).

8.1 Wireless Settings

This section describes basic wireless settings. For more information, see Chapter 12.

8.1.1 Access Point Mode

The ENH200 supports Access Point Mode. In this mode, users with a wireless client device within range can connect to the ENH200 to access the WLAN. The following figure shows an example of an ENH200 operating in Access Point Mode.

The sections that follow the figure below describe how to configure your ENH200 for Access Point Mode.



Wireless Network				Home	Reset
Wireless Mode	802	.11 B/G/N Mixed 🔻			
Channel HT Mode	40N	1Hz 🔻			
Extension Channel	Low	ver Channel 🔻			
Channel / Frequency	Ch5	i-2.432GHz 🔻 🔽 🖊	luto		
WDS	\odot	Enable 💿 Disable	•		
AP Detection	S	Scan			
		Current Profile	S		
SSID		Security	VID	Enable	Edit
EnGenius1		None	1	✓	Edit
EnGenius2		None 2			Edit
EnGenius3		None	3		Edit
EnGenius4		None	4		Edit

Profile (SSID)Isolation

No Isolation
 Isolate all Profiles (SSIDs) from each other using VLAN (802.1Q) standard

Accept Cancel

Wireless Mode	Wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed modes.	
Channel HT Mode	The default channel bandwidth is 40 MHz. The larger the	
	channel, the better the transmission quality and speed.	
Extension Channel	Select upper or lower channel. Your selection may affect the Auto	
	channel function.	
Channel / Frequency	Select the channel and frequency appropriate for your country's	
	regulation.	
Auto	Check this option to enable auto-channel selection.	
AP Detection	AP Detection can select the best channel to use by scanning	
	nearby areas for Access Points.	
Current Profile	Configure up to four different SSIDs. If many client devices will be	
	accessing the network, you can arrange the devices into SSID	
	groups. Click Edit to configure the profile and check whether you	
	want to enable extra SSID.	

Profile Isolation	Restricted Client to communicate with different VID by Selecting
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.



Clicking **Accept** does not apply the changes. To apply them, use **Status > Save/Load** (see section 4.1).

SSID Profile		
Wireless Setting		
SSID	EnGenius1	(1 to 32 characters)
VLAN ID	1	(1~4095)
Suppressed SSID		
Station Separation	O Enable	 Disable
Wireless Security Security Mode	Disabled 🗸	
,		
Save Cancel		

SSID	Specify the SSID for the current profile.		
VLAN ID	Specify the VLAN tag for the current profile.		
Suppressed SSID	Check this option to hide the SSID from clients. If checked, the		
	SSID will not appear in the site survey.		
Station Separation	Click the appropriate radio button to allow or prevent		
	communication between client devices.		
Wireless Security	See the Wireless Security section.		
Save / Cancel	Click Save to accept the changes or Cancel to cancel and return		
	previous settings.		
8.1.2 Client Bridge Mode

Client Bridge Mode lets you connect two LAN segments via a wireless link as though they are on the same physical network. Since the computers are on the same subnet, broadcasts will reach all machines. As a result, DHCP information generated by the server will reach all client computers as though the clients resided on one physical network.

The following figure shows an example of an ENH200 communicating with an Access Point/Wireless Router, such as the EnGenius EOA7530, operating in Client Bridge Mode.

The sections that follow the figure below describe how to configure your ENH200 for Client Bridge Mode.





Wireless Network Home Reset					
Wireless Mode	802.11 B/G/N Mixed 🔻				
SSID	Specify the static SSID : AP SSID (1 to 32 characters) Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service. Site Survey				
Prefered BSSID					
WDS Client	○ Enable				
Wireless Security					
Security Mode	Disabled •				
Accept Cancel					
Wireless Mode	Wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed modes.				
SSID	Specify the SSID if known. This field is completed automatically				
	you select an Access Point in the Site Survey.				
Site Survey	Scans nearby locations for Access Points. You can select a				
	discovered Access Point to establish a connection.				
Prefer BSSID	Enter the MAC address if known. If you select an Access Point				
	the Site Survey, this field is completed automatically.				
WDS Client	Click the appropriate radio button to enable or disable WDS				
	Client.				
Wireless Security	See section 8.2 for information.				
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and				
	return previous settings.				

NOTE

2.4GHz Site Survey 🚺 :Infrastructure 🖉 :Ad_hoc						
BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Туре	Security	Network Mode
00:e0:4c:81:86:21	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	В	WEP	Å
00:13:f7:7c:6f:43	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	Å
rofile		If you used	the Site Sur	vey, the We	b Configurat	or shows nea
		Access Points. To connect to an Access Point, click the Access				
	Point's BSSID.					
Wireless Security See the Wireless Security section.						
	-					



If the Access Point has been configured to suppress its SSID, the **SSID** section will be blank and must be completed manually.

8.1.3 WDS Bridge Mode

Unlike traditional bridging. WDS Bridge Mode allows you to create large wireless networks by linking several wireless access points with WDS links. WDS is normally used in large, open areas, where pulling wires is cost prohibitive, restricted or physically impossible.

The following figure shows an example of three ENH200 configured for WDS Bridge Mode communicating with each other. In this configuration, the ENH200 device on the left side of the figure behaves as a standard bridge that forwards traffic between the WDS links (links that connect to other ENH200 WDS bridges).

The sections that follow the figure below describe how to configure your ENH200 for WDS Bridge Mode.



Wireless Network

Home	Reset

Wireless Mode	802.11 B/G/N Mixed 🔻
Channel HT Mode	40MHz -
Extension Channel	Upper Channel 🔻
Channel / Frequency	Ch6-2.437GHz -

Accept	
Wireless Mode	Wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed modes.
Channel HT Mode	The default channel bandwidth is 40 MHz. The larger the
	channel, the better the transmission quality and speed.
Extension Channel	Select upper or lower channel. Your selection may affect the Auto
	channel function.
Channel / Frequency	Select the channel and frequency appropriate for your country's
	regulation.
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.

WDS	Link Sett	ings				Home	Reset
ID		ſ	MAC Address	6			Mode
1	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
2	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
3	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
4	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
5	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
6	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
7	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
8	:	:	:	:	:		Disable 🔻
Accept	Cancel						

MAC Address	Enter the MAC address of the Access Point to which you want to
	extend wireless connectivity.
Mode	Select Disable or Enable to disable or enable WDS.
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.



1. Clicking **Accept** does not apply the changes. To apply them, use **Status > Save/Load** (see section 4.1).

2. The Access Point to which you want to extend wireless connectivity must enter the ENH200's MAC address into its configuration. For more information, refer to the documentation for the Access Point. Not all Access Point supports this feature.

8.1.4 Client Router Mode

In Client Router Mode, you can access the Internet wirelessly with the support of a WISP. In AP Router Mode, the ENH200 can access the Internet via a cable or DSL modem. In this mode, the ENH200 can be configured to turn off the wireless network name (SSID) broadcast, so that only stations that have the SSID can be connected. The ENH200 also provides wireless LAN 64/128/152-bit WEP encryption security, WPA/WPA2, and WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK authentication, as well as TKIP/AES encryption security. It also supports VPN pass-through for sensitive data secure transmission.

The following figure shows an example of an ENH200 communicating with a Wireless ISP (WISP) Access Point in Client Router Mode. The sections that follow the figure below describe how to configure your ENH200 for Client Router Mode.



Wireless Net	Home Reset
Miroloop Mode	
vvireless mode	802.11 B/G/N Mixed V
	Specify the static SSID :
SSID	Or press the button to search for any available WI AN Service.
0010	
	Site Survey
Prefered BSSID	
Wireless Security	
Changing the wireless This may temporarily	s security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. disrupt your configuration session.
Security Mode	Disabled 👻
Accept Cancel	
Nireless Mode	Wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed modes.
SSID	Specify the SSID if known. This field is completed automatical
	you select an Access Point in the Site Survey.
Site Survey	Scans nearby locations for Access Points. You can select a
-	discovered Access Point to establish a connection.
Prefer BSSID	Enter the MAC address if known. If you select an Access Point
	the Site Survey, this field is completed automatically.
Wireless Security	y See section 10.2.
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.

NOTE

Site Surve	У						
2.4GHz Site Survey 1 :Infrastructure 2 :Ad_hoc						_hoc	
BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Туре	Security	Network M	lode
00:e0:4c:81:86:21	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	В	WEP	Å	
00:13:f7:7c:6f:43	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	1	
rofile		If you used	the Site Sur	vev. the We	b Configurat	or shows	near
Access Points. To connect to an Access Point, click the Access							
		Point's BSSID.					
Vireless Securi	ity	See the W	ireless Secur	ity section.			
Refresh	fresh Click Refresh to scan again.						



If the Access Point has been configured to suppress its SSID, the **SSID** section must be completed manually.

8.2 Wireless Security Settings

The Wireless Security Settings section lets you configure the EOH200's security modes: WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK Mixed, WPA, WPA2, and WPA Mixed. We strongly recommend you use WPA2-PSK.

8.2.1 WEP

Wireless Security	
Security Mode	WEP
Auth Type	Open System 🔻
Input Type	Hex 🔻
Key Length	40/64-bit (10 hex digits or 5 ASCII char) -
Default Key	1 -
Key1	
Key2	
Key3	
Key4	
Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration.
Security Mode Auth Type	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared .
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared . Select an input type of Hex or ASCII .
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths.
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default.
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security,
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●).
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1 Key2	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.2. For security,
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1 Key2	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.2. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●).
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1 Key2 Key3	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.2. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.3. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●).
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1 Key2 Key3	 Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.3. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.3. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●).
Security Mode Auth Type Input Type Key Length Default Key Key1 Key2 Key3 Key4	Select WEP from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Open System or Shared. Select an input type of Hex or ASCII. Level of WEP encryption applied to all WEP keys. Choices are Select a 64/128/152-bit password lengths. Specify which of the four WEP keys the ENH200 uses as its default. Specify a password for security key index No.1. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.2. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.3. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.3. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●). Specify a password for security key index No.4. For security, each typed character is masked by a dot (●).



802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The connection mode will drop from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.2.2 WPA-PSK

Wireless Security						
Security Mode	WPA-PSK -					
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.					
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)					
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)					
Save Cancel						
Security Mode	Select WPA-PSK from the drop-down list to begin the					
	configuration.					
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type.					
	 Both = uses TKIP and AES. 					
	 TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK; requires 					
	passphrase.					
	 AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK; requires 					
	passphrase.					
Passphrase	Specify the security password. For security, each typed character					
	is masked by a dot (●).					
Group Key Update	Specify how often, in seconds, the group key changes					
Interval						



802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The connection mode will drops from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.2.3 WPA2-PSK

Wireless Security					
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK -				
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.				
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)				
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)				
Save Cancel					
Security Mode	Select WPA2-PSK from the drop-down list to begin the				
	configuration.				
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type.				
	• Both = uses TKIP and AES.				
	 TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK; requires 				
	passphrase.				
	 AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK; requires 				
	passphrase.				
Passphrase	Specify the security password. For security, each typed character				
	is masked by a dot (●).				
Group Key Update Interval	Specify how often, in seconds, the group key changes.				



802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The connection mode will change from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.2.4 WPA-PSK Mixed

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA-PSK Mixed		
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) - Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.		
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)		
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)		

Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA-PSK Mixed from the drop-down list to begin the
	configuration.
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type.
	• Both = uses TKIP and AES.
	 TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK; requires
	passphrase.
	 AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK; requires
	passphrase.
Passphrase	Specify the security password. For security, each typed character
	is masked by a dot (●).
Group Key Update	Specify how often in seconds, the group key changes
Interval	Specify now often, in seconds, the group key changes.



WPA-PSK Mixed can allow multiple security modes at the same time.

802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The connection mode will change from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.2.5 WPA

Wireless Security	
Security Mode	WPA -
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) - Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)
Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA from the drop-down list to begin the configuration.
Encryption	 Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK.
Encryption Radius Server	 Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.
Encryption Radius Server Radius Port	 Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server. Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for authentication. Default part is 1812.
Encryption Radius Server Radius Port	 Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server. Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for authentication. Default port is 1812.
Encryption Radius Server Radius Port Radius Secret	 Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server. Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for authentication. Default port is 1812. Specify RADIUS secret furnished by the RADIUS server.



802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The connection mode will drops from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.2.6 WPA2

Wireless Security	
Security Mode	WPA2
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) - Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)
Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration.
Security Mode Encryption	Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both , TKIP , or AES as the encryption type.
Security Mode Encryption	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES.
Security Mode Encryption	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK.
Security Mode Encryption	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK.
Security Mode Encryption Radius Server	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.
Security Mode Encryption Radius Server Radius Port	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server. Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for
Security Mode Encryption Radius Server Radius Port	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server. Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for authentication. Default port is 1812.
Security Mode Encryption Radius Server Radius Port Radius Secret	 Select WPA2 from the drop-down list to begin the configuration. Select Both, TKIP, or AES as the encryption type. Both = uses TKIP and AES. TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server. Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for authentication. Default port is 1812. Specify RADIUS secret furnished by the RADIUS server.



802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The date rate will drop from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.2.7 WPA Mixed

Wireless Security	
Security Mode	WPA Mixed 🗸
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) - Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)
Save Cancel	

Security Mode	Select WPA Mixed from the drop-down list to begin the			
	configuration.			
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP , or AES as the encryption type.			
	• Both = uses TKIP and AES.			
	 TKIP = automatic encryption with WPA-PSK. 			
	 AES = automatic encryption with WPA2-PSK. 			
Radius Server	Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.			
Radius Port	Specify the port number that your RADIUS server uses for			
	authentication. Default port is 1812.			
Radius Secret	Specify RADIUS secret furnished by the RADIUS server.			
Group Key Update	Specify how often in coconder the group key changes			
Interval	specify now often, in seconds, the group key changes.			



802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The connection mode will change from 802.11n to 802.11g.

8.4 Wireless Advanced Settings

Wireless Advanced Settings Home Reset				
Data Rate		Auto 🔻		
Transmit Power		11 dBm 👻		
RTS/CTS Threshold (1 - 2346)	2346 bytes		
Distance (1-30km)		3 km		
Antenna Selection:		Vertical 🔹		
Short GI:		Enable 🔻		
Aggregation:		● Enable ● Disable 32 Frames 50000 Bytes(Max)		
Wireless Traffic Shaping				
Enable Traffic Shaping		○ Enable		
Incoming Traffic Limit		1000 kbit/s		
Outgoing Traffic Limit		2000 kbit/s		
Accept Cancel				
Data Rate	Select a	data rate from the drop-down list. The data rate affects		
	throughp	out. If you select a low data rate value, for example, the		
	throughp	but is reduced but the transmission distance increases.		
Transmit Power	Lets you increase or decrease transmit power. Higher transmit			
	power m	nay prevent connections to the network, while the lower		
DTE/CTE Threahold	transmit power can prevent clients from connecting to the device.			
RIS/CIS Infeshold		TE THESHOLD PACKAGE SIZE IN RTC/CTS. A SMAll Humber		
	more bai	ndwidth.		
Distance	Specify the distance between Access Points and clients. Longer			
	distance	s may drop high-speed connections.		
Antenna Selection	Specify t	the internal antenna type.		
Short GI	Sets the	time that the receiver waits for RF reflections to settle		
	out befor	re sampling data. Using a short (400ns) guard interval		
	can incre	can increase throughput, but can also increase error rate in some		
	installatio	ons due to increased sensitivity to radio-frequency		

	reflections. Select the option that works best for your installation.		
Aggregation	Merges data packets into one packet. This option reduces the		
	number of packets, but increases packet sizes.		
Wireless Traffic	Check this option to enable wireless traffic shaping. Traffic		
Shaping	shaping regulates the flow of packets leaving an interface to		
	deliver improved Quality of Service.		
Incoming Traffic Limit	Specify the wireless transmission speed used for downloading.		
Outgoing Traffic Limit	Specify the wireless transmission speed used for uploading.		
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and		
	return previous settings.		

NOTE

1. Changing Wireless Advanced Settings may adversely affect wireless performance. Please accept all default settings, unless you are familiar with the wireless options.

8.5 Wireless MAC Filter

Wireless MAC Filters are used to allow or deny network access to wireless clients according to their MAC addresses. You can manually add a MAC address to restrict the permission to access ENH200. The default setting is Disable Wireless MAC Filters.

Wireless MAC F	Home	Reset	
ACL Mode Disabled	▼		. Add
#	MAC Address		
	Apply		0.
ACL Mode	Determines whether network accer clients whose MAC addresses ap on this page. Choices are Disable Allow MAC in the list .	ess is granted pear in the M e, Deny MAC	or denied to AC Address table in the list, or
MAC Address Filter	Enter the MAC address of the dev	/ice.	
Add	Click Add to add the MAC addres	s to the MAC	Address table.
Apply	Click Apply to apply the changes		

8.6 WDS Link Settings

Using WDS Link Settings, you can create a wireless backbone link between multiple access points that are part of the same wireless network. This allows a wireless network to be expanded using multiple Access Points without the need for a wired backbone to link them, as is traditionally required.

WDS L	DS Link Settings Home Reset					
ID		ſ	MAC Address	i		Mode
1	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
2	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
3	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
4	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 💌
5	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
6	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
7	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
8	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
Accept	Cancel					
MAC Add	Address Enter the Access Point's MAC address to which you want to			to which you want to		
		extend	d the wirel	ess area.		
Mode		Select	Disable	or Enable	from the drop	o-down list.
Accept /	Cancel	Click	Accept to	confirm th	ne changes or	Cancel to cancel and

NOTE

Clicking **Accept** does not apply the changes. To apply them, use **Status > Save/Load** (see section 4.1).

return previous settings.



The Access Point to which you want to extend wireless connectivity must enter the ENH200's MAC address into its configuration. For more information, refer to the documentation for the Access Point. Not all Access Point supports this feature.

Chapter 9 LAN Setup

This chapter describes the ENH200 Local Area Network (LAN) settings.

9.1 IP Settings

This section is only available for **Non-Router Mode**. IP settings lets you configure the ENH200 LAN port IP address.

IP Settings	Home Reset
IP Network Setting	 Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) Specify an IP address
IP Address	192 168 1 1
IP Subnet Mask	255 255 255 0
Default Gateway	0.0.0
Primary DNS	0.0.0
Secondary DNS	0.0.0
Apply Cancel	

IP Network Setting	Select whether the ENH200 IP address will use the static IP			
	address specified in the IP Address field or be obtained			
	automatically when the ENH200 connects to a device that has a			
	DHCP server .			
IP Address	Enter the IP address of the ENH200.			
IP Suet Mask	Enter the ENH200 subnet mask.			
Default Gateway	Enter the ENH200 default gateway.			
Primary DNS	Enter the ENH200 primary DNS.			
Secondary DNS	Enter the ENH200 secondary DNS.			
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and			
	return previous settings.			



If you change the LAN IP address, you will be directed to the new IP address after you click **Apply**.

9.2 Spanning Tree Settings

Spanning Tree Se	ttings	Home	Reset
Spanning Tree Status	◯ On . Off		
Bridge Hello Time	2 seconds (1-10)		
Bridge Max Age	²⁰ seconds (6-40)		
Bridge Forward Delay	¹⁵ seconds (4-30)		
Priority	32768 (0-65535)		
Apply Cancel			
Spanning Tree Status	Enable or disable the ENH200 Span	nning Tree fui	nction.
Bridge Hello Time	Specify Bridge Hello Time, in seconds. This value determine how		
	often the ENH200 sends hello packets to communicate		
	information about the topology throughout the entire Bridged		
	Local Area Network		
Bridge Max Age	Specify Bridge Max Age, in seconds. If another bridge in the		
	spanning tree does not send a hello packet for a long period of		
	time, it is assumed to be dead.		
Bridge Forward Delay	Specify Bridge Forward Delay, in seconds. Forwarding delay time		
	is the time spent in each of the Liste	ening and Lea	arning states
	before the Forwarding state is enter	red. This dela	y is provided so
	that when a new bridge comes onto a busy network, it looks at		
	some traffic before participating.		
Priority	Specify the Priority number. Smaller number has greater priority.		
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the change	es or Cancel t	o cancel and
	return previous settings.		

NOTE

Chapter 10 Router Settings

This section is only available for **AP Router Mode** and **Client Router Mode**.

10.1 WAN Settings

This chapter describes the ENH200 WAN settings. There are four types of WAN connections:

- Static IP
- DHCP
- PPPoE
- PPTP

Please contact your ISP to find out which settings you should choose..

10.1.1 Static IP

Select **Static IP** for your WAN connection if your ISP provided information about which IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, primary DNS, and secondary DNS to use.

WAN Settings		Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	Static IP 👻		
Options			
Account Name (if required)			
Domain Name (if required)			
мти	Auto 🗸 1500		
Internet IP Address			
IP Address	0 0 0 0		
IP Subnet Mask	0 0 0 0		
Gateway IP Address	0 0 0 0		
Domain Name Server (DNS) Address			
Primary DNS	0 0 0		
Secondary DNS	0 0 0 0		
WAN Ping			
Discard Ping on WAN			
Apply Cancel			

Internet Connection	Salast Static ID to bagin configuration of the Static ID connection		
Туре	Select Static IP to begin configuration of the Static IP confiection.		
Account Name	Enter the account name provided by your ISP.		
Domain Name	Enter the domain name provided by your ISP.		
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. It is recommended you		
	accept the default setting of Auto. Otherwise, packets will be		
	fragmented downstream if the MTU is set too high or too low,		
	which impacts network performance. In extreme cases, an MTU		
	setting that is too low can prevent the ENH200 from establishing		
	some connections.		
IP Address	Enter the WAN port IP address.		
IP Subnet Mask	Enter the WAN IP subnet mask.		
Gateway IP Address	Enter the WAN gateway IP address.		
Primary DNS	Enter the primary DNS IP address.		
Secondary DNS	Enter the secondary DNS IP address.		
Discard Ping on WAN	Check to Enable to recognize pings on the ENH200 WAN		
	interface or Disable to block pings on the ENH200 WAN		
	interface. Note: Pinging IP addresses is a common method used		
	by hackers to test whether the IP address is valid. Blocking pings		
	provides some extra security from hackers.		
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and		
	return previous settings.		

NOTE

10.1.2 DHCP (Dynamic IP)

Select DHCP as your WAN connection type to obtain an IP address automatically. You will need to enter account name as your hostname and, optionally, DNS information.

WAN Settings		Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	DHCP 🗸		
Options			
Account Name (if required)			
Domain Name (if required)			
МТО	Auto 🗸 1500		
Domain Name Server (DNS) Address Get Automatically From ISP Use These DNS Servers 			
Primary DNS	0 0 0 0		
Secondary DNS	0 0 0 0		
WAN Ping			
DISCALU PHILY ON WAN	V		
Apply Cancel			

Internet Connection	Select DHCP to begin configuration of the DHCP connection	
Туре	Select DITCF to begin conliguration of the DITCF connection.	
Account Name	Enter the account name provided by your ISP.	
Domain Name	Enter the domain name provided by your ISP.	
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. It is recommended you	
	accept the default setting of Auto. Otherwise, packets will be	
	fragmented downstream if the MTU is set too high or too low,	
	which impacts network performance. In extreme cases, an MTU	
	setting that is too low can prevent the ENH200 from establishing	
	some connections.	

Get Automatically	Click this radio button to obtain the DNS automatically from the	
From ISP	DHCP server.	
Use These DNS	Click the radio button to set up the Primary DNS and Secondary	
Servers	DNS servers manually.	
Discard Ping on WAN	Check to Enable to recognize pings on the ENH200 WAN	
	interface or Disable to block pings on the ENH200 WAN	
	interface. Note: Pinging IP addresses is a common method used	
	by hackers to test whether the IP address is valid. Blocking pings	
	provides some extra security from hackers.	
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and	
	return previous settings.	



10.1.3 PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)

Select Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This selection is typically used for DSL services. Remove your PPPoE software from your computer, as it is not needed and will not work with your ENH200.

WAN Settings		Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	PPPoE 👻		
Options			
МТU	Auto - 1492		
PPPoE Options			
Login			
Password			
Service Name (if required)			
 Connect on Demand: Max idle Time Keep Alive: Redial Period ³⁰ Sec 	e ¹ Minutes conds		
O Get Automatically From ISP			
Use These DNS Servers			
Primary DNS	0 .0 .0 .0		
Secondary DNS	0 0 0 0		
WAN Ping			
Discard Ping on WAN			
Apply Cancel			

Type	Select PPPoE to begin configuration of the PPPoE connection.
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. It is recommended you
	accept the default setting of Auto. Otherwise, packets will be
	fragmented downstream if the MTU is set too high or too low,
	which impacts network performance. In extreme cases, an MTU

	setting that is too low can prevent the ENH200 from establishing	
	some connections.	
Login	Enter the Username provided by your ISP.	
Password	Enter the Password provided by your ISP.	
Service Name	Enter the Service Name provided by your ISP.	
Connect on Demand	Select the radio button to specify the maximum idle time. Internet	
	connection will disconnect when it reach the maximum idle time,	
	but it will automatically connect when user tries to access the	
	network.	
Keep Alive	Select whether to keep the Internet connection always on, or	
	enter a redial period once the internet lose connection.	
Get Automatically	Select whether to obtain the DNS automatically from the DHCP	
From ISP	server.	
Use These DNS	Click the radio button to set up the Primary DNS and Secondary	
Servers	DNS servers manually.	
Discard Ping on WAN	Check to Enable to recognize pings on the ENH200 WAN	
	interface or Disable to block pings on the ENH200 WAN	
	interface. Note: Pinging IP addresses is a common method used	
	by hackers to test whether the IP address is valid. Blocking pings	
	provides some extra security from hackers.	
Account / Composi		
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and	

NOTE

10.1.4 PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol)

Select PPTP as your WAN connection type if your ISP uses a Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) connection. You will need to provide the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway (optional), DNS (optional), server IP, username, and password provided by your ISP.

WAN Settings		Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	PPTP 👻		
Options			
мти	Auto - 1460		
PPTP Options			
IP Address	192 168 2 1		
Subnet Mask	255 255 255 0		
Default Gateway	192 168 2 100		
PPTP Server	0.0.0		
Username			
Password			
 Connect on Demand: Max idle Time Keep Alive: Redial Period ³⁰ Second Sec	e ¹⁵ Minutes conds		
O Get Automatically From ISP			
• Use These DNS Servers			
Primary DNS	0_0_0		
Secondary DNS	0 0 0 0		
WAN Ping			
Discard Ping on WAN			
Apply Cancel			

Internet Connection

Туре

Select **PPTP** to begin configuration of the PPTP connection.

MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. It is recommended you
	accept the default setting of Auto. Otherwise, packets will be
	fragmented downstream if the MTU is set too high or too low,
	which impacts network performance. In extreme cases, an MTU
	setting that is too low can prevent the ENH200 from establishing
	some connections.
IP Address	Enter the WAN port IP address.
IP Subnet Mask	Enter the WAN IP subnet mask.
Gateway IP Address	Enter the WAN gateway IP address.
PPTP Server	Enter the IP address of the PPTP server.
Username	Enter the username provided by your ISP.
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP.
Connect on Demand	If you want the ENH200 to end the Internet connection after it has
	been inactive for a period of time, select this option and enter the
	number of minutes you want that period of inactivity to last.
Keep Alive	If you want the ENH200 to periodically check your Internet
	connection, select this option. Then specify how often you want
	the ENH200 to check the Internet connection. If the connection is
	down, the ENH200 automatically re-establishes your connection
Get Automatically	Obtains the DNS automatically from DHCP server.
From ISP	
Use These DNS	Click the radio button to set up the Primary DNS and Secondary
Servers	DNS servers manually.
Discard Ping on WAN	Check to Enable to recognize pings on the ENH200 WAN
	interface or Disable to block pings on the ENH200 WAN
	interface. Note: Pinging IP addresses is a common method used
	by hackers to test whether the IP address is valid. Blocking pings
	provides some extra security from hackers.
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.

NOTE

10.2 LAN Settings (Router Mode)

LAN IP Setup					
IP Address	192	168	. 1	. 1	
IP Subnet Mask	255	255	. 255	. 0	
Use Router As DHCP S	erver				
Starting IP Address	192	168	. 1	. 100	
Ending IP Address	192	. 168	. 1	. 200	
WINS Server IP	0	. 0	. 0	. 0	
Accept Cancel					
IP Address	En	ter the l	LAN por	t IP add	ress.
IP Subnet Mask	En	Enter the LAN IP subnet mask.			
WINS Server IP	En	Enter the WINS Server IP.			
Use Router As DHCF	° Ch	Check this option to enable the ENH200 internal DHCP server.			
Starting IP Address	Sp	Specify the starting IP address range for the pool of allocated for			
	pri	private IP addresses. The starting IP address must be on the			
	sa	same subnet as the ending IP address; that is the first three			
	OC	octets specified here must be the same as the first three octets in			
	En	End IP Address.			
Ending IP Address	Sp	Specify the ending IP address range for the pool of allocated for			
	pri	private IP addresses. The ending IP address must be on the			
	sa	same subnet as the starting IP address; that is the first three			
	OC	octets specified here must be the same as the first three octets in			
	Sta	art IP A	ddress.		
WINS Server IP	En	ter the	IP addre	ss of th	e WINS server.
Accept / Cancel	Cli	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and			
	ret	urn prev	vious se ⁻	ttings.	



10.3 VPN Pass Through

VPN Passthrough allows a secure virtual private network (VPN) connection between two computers. Enabling the options on this page opens a VPN port and enables connections to pass through the ENH200 without interruption.

VPN Pass Throug	gh Home Reset
PPTP Pass Through	
L2TP Pass Through	
IPSec Pass Through	
Apply Cancel	
PPTP Pass Through	Check this option to enable PPTP pass-through mode.
1 OTD Deep Through	Check this action to anable LOTD page through made

L2TP Pass Through	Check this option to enable L2TP pass-through mode.
IPSec Pass Through	Check this option to enable IPSec pass-through mode.
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.

NOTE

10.4 Port Forwarding

Port forwarding can be used to open a port or range of ports to a device on your network Using port forwarding, you can set up public services on your network. When users from the Internet make certain requests on your network, the ENH200 can forward those requests to computers equipped to handle the requests. If, for example, you set the port number 80 (HTTP) to be forwarded to IP address 192.168.1.2, all HTTP requests from outside users are forwarded to 192.168.1.2.

Port Forwarding				Hom	ne Reset	
-44	Nomo	Drotocol	Ctard Dard	Faid David	Conver ID Address	Fuchia Madife Dalata
#	Name	Protocol	Start Port	End Port	Server IP Address	Enable Modify Delete
A	dd Entry	Accept				
Add Entry Click Add Entry to add port forwarding rules.						
Acc	Click Accept to confirm the changes.					



Port Forwarding				
				_
Service Name				
Protocal	BOTH -			
Starting Port		(1~65535)		
Ending Port		(1~65535)		
IP Address				
Save				

Service Name	Enter a name for the port forwarding rule.	
Protocol	Select a protocol for the application: Choices are Both, TCP, and	
	UDP.	
Starting Port	Enter a starting port number.	
Ending Port	Enter an ending port number. All ports numbers between the	
	starting and ending ports will forward users to the IP address	
	specified in the IP Address field.	
IP Address	Enter the IP address of the server computer on the LAN network	
	where users will be redirected.	
Save / Cancel	Click Save to apply the changes or Cancel to return previous	
	settings.	

10.5 DMZ

If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications properly from behind the ENH200, you can allow the computer to have unrestricted Internet access. Enter the IP address of that computer as a Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) host with unrestricted Internet access. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks, so use this option as a last resort.

DMZ	Home Reset		
DMZ Hosting	Disable 👻		
DMZ Address			
Apply Cancel			
DMZ Hosting	Enables or disables the ENH200 DMZ function.		
DMZ Address	Enter an IP address of the computer that will have unlimited		
	Internet access.		
Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and		
	return previous settings.		

NOTE

Chapter 11 Management Settings

The **Management** section lets you configure administration, management VLAN, SNMP settings, backup/restore settings, firmware upgrade, time settings, and log settings. This chapter describes these settings.

11.1 Administration

Click the **Administration** link under the **Management** menu to change the user name and password used to log on to the ENH200 Web Configurator. The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **admin**. Changing these settings protects the ENH200 configuration settings from being accessed by unauthorized users.

Administration

Home Reset

Administrator

Name	admin	
New Password		
Confirm New Password		

Remote Access

Remote Management	● Enable ○ Disable
Remote Upgrade	• Enable O Disable
Remote Management Port	8080

Save/Apply Cancel

Name	Enter a new username for logging in to the Web Configurator.		
Password	Enter a new password for logging in to the Web Configurator		
Confirm Password	Re-enter the new password for confirmation.		
Remote Management	Enable or disable remote management.		
Remote Upgrade	Specify whether the ENH200 firmware can be upgraded		
	remotely.		
Remote Management	If remote management is enabled, enter the port number to be		
Port	used for remote management. For example: If you specify the		
	port number 8080, enter http:// <ip address="">:8080 to access the</ip>		
---------------------	--		
	ENH200 Web Configurator.		
Save/Apply / Cancel	Click Save/Apply to apply the changes or Cancel to return previous settings.		



Clicking **Save/Apply** changes the settings immediately. You cannot undo the action.

11.2 Management VLAN

Click the **Management VLAN** link under the **Management** menu to assign a VLAN tag to the packets. A VLAN is a group of computers on a network whose software has been configured so that they behave as if they were on a separate Local Area Network (LAN). Computers on VLAN do not have to be physically located next to one another on the LAN

Management VLAN Settings Home Reset			Reset	
Caution: If you re Verify that the switch new IP address.	econfigur and DHC	e the Management VLAN ID, you may lose co P server can support the reconfigured VLAI	onnectivity to the NID, and then re-	access point. connect to the
Management VLAN ID Specified VLAN ID (must be in the range 1 ~ 4094.)				
Accept Cancel]			
Management VL	AN ID	If your network includes VLANs pass through the Access Point, click No VLAN tag .	and if tagge enter the VL	d packets neec AN ID. Otherwi

Accept / Cancel	Click Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to cancel and
	return previous settings.

NOTE

1. If you reconfigure the Management VLAN ID, you may lose your connection to the ENH200. Verify that the DHCP server supports the reconfigured VLAN ID and then reconnect to the ENH200 using the new IP address.

2. Clicking **Accept** does not apply the changes. To apply them, use **Status > Save/Load** (see section 4.1).

11.3 SNMP Settings

Click the **SNMP Settings** link under the **Management** menu to monitor network-attached devices using the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). SNMP allows messages (called "protocol data unit's) to be sent to various parts of a network. Upon receiving these messages, SNMP-compatible devices (called agents) return data stored in their Management Information Bases.

SNMP Settings			Home	Reset
SNMP		e Enable O Disable		
Contact				
Location				
Community Name (Read Only)		public		
Community Name (Read/Write))	private		
Trap Destination Address				
Trap Destination Community N	ame	public		
Save/Apply Cancel				
SNMP Enable/Disable	Enable o	or disable the ENH200 SNM	P function.	
Contact	Enter the	e contact details of the devic	e.	
Location	Enter the	e location of the device.		
Community Name	Enter the	e password for accessing the	e SNMP con	nmunity for
	read-only	y access.		
Community Name	Enter the	e password for accessing the	e SNMP con	nmunity for read
	and write	e access.		
Trap Destination IP	Enter the	e IP address where SNMP to	aps are to b	e sent.
Address				
Trap Destination	Enter the	e password of the SNMP tra	p community	/.
Community Name				
Save/Apply / Cancel	Click Sav	ve/Apply to apply the chan	ges or Cance	el to return
	previous	settings.		



Clicking **Save/Apply** change the setting immediately. You cannot undo the action.

11.4 Backup/Restore Settings

Click the **Backup/Restore Setting** link under the **Management** menu to save the ENH200's current settings in a file on your local disk or load settings onto the device from a local disk. This feature is particularly convenient administrators who have several ENH200 devices that need to be configured with the same settings.

This page also lets you return the ENH200 to its factory default settings. If you perform this procedure, any changes made to the ENH200 default settings will be lost.

Backup/Restore Settings				Home	Reset
Save A Copy of Current Setti	ngs	Backup			
Restore Saved Settings from	n A File			Browse	Restore
Revert to Factory Default Set	tings	Factory Default			
Save A Copy of	Click Ba	ackup to save t	he current	configured s	settings.
Current Settings					
Restore Saved	To resto	ore settings that	have been	previously	backed up, click
Settings from a File	Browse, select the file, and click Restore.				
Revert to Factory	Click this button to restore the ENH200 to its factory default				
Default Settings	settings.				

11.5 Firmware Upgrade

Click the **Firmware Upgrade** link under the **Management** menu to upgrade the firmware of the device. To perform this procedure, downloaded the appropriate firmware from your vendor.

Firmware Upgrade	Home	Reset
Current firmware version: 1.1.24		
Locate and select the upgrade file from your hard disk:		
Browse		
Upgrade		

CAUTION

The firmware upgrade procedure can take few minutes. Do not power off the ENH200 during the firmware upgrade, as it can cause the device to crash or become unusable. The ENH200 restarts automatically after the upgrade completes.

11.6 Time Settings

Click the **Time Settings** link under the **Management** menu to configure the ENH200 system time. You can enter the time manually or, to ensure accuracy, synchronize the ENH200 with Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.

Time Settings	Home Reset	
_		
Time		
Manually Set Date and Time		
2010 / 10 / 19 13 : 13		
Automatically Get Date and Time		
Time Zone: UTC-12:00 Kwajalein	-	
User defined NTP Server: 209.81.9.7		
Save/Apply Cancel		

Manually Set Date and Time	Manually specify the date and time.	
Automatically Get	Select a time zone from the drop-down list and check whether	
Date and Time	you want to enter the IP address of an NTP server or use the	
	default NTP server.	
Save/Apply / Cancel	Click Save/Apply to apply the changes or Cancel to return	
	previous settings.	



Clicking **Save/Apply** changes the setting immediately. You cannot undo the action.

11.7 Log

Click the **Log** link under the **Management** menu to display a list of events that are triggered on the ENH200 Ethernet and wireless interfaces. You can consult this log if an unknown error occurs on the system or when a report needs to be sent to the technical support department for debugging purposes.

Log	Home Reset	
Syslog		
Syslog	Disable 🔻	
Log Server IP Address		
Local log		
Local Log	Enable -	
Save/Apply Cancel		
Syslog	Enable or disable the ENH200syslog function.	
Log Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the log server.	
Local Log	Enable or disable the local log service.	
Save/Apply / Cancel	Click Save/Apply to apply the changes or Cancel to return previous settings.	



Clicking **Save/Apply** changes the settings immediately. You cannot undo the action.

11.8 Diagnostics

Click the **Diagnostics** link under the **Management** menu to ascertain connection quality and trace the routing table to the target.

Diagnostics		Home	Reset
Ping Test Parameters			
Target IP			
Ping Packet Size	⁶⁴ Bytes		
Number of Pings	4		
Start Ping			
Traceroute Test Paramete	rs		
Start Traceroute			
Target IP	Enter the IP address you would like	ke to search.	
Ping Packet Size	Enter the packet size of each ping.		
Number of Pings	Enter the number of times you want to ping.		
Start Ping	Click Start Ping to begin pinging.		
Traceroute Target	Enter an IP address or domain name you want to trace.		
Start Traceroute	Click Start Traceroute to begin th	ne trace route	operation.

Chapter 12 Network Configuration Examples

This chapter provides step-by-step descriptions for using the ENH200's operating modes. The Access Point Mode's default configuration allows the ENH200 to act as a central unit of a WLAN or as a root device of a wired environment. Repeater mode and Mesh network mode are reserved for future configuration.

12.1 Access Point



Access Point	
Step1	Log in to the Web Configurator with your browser by entering the
	default IP address 192.168.1.1
Step2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step3	Use site survey to scan channels available in nearby areas.
Step4	Select channel with less interferences.
Step5	Specify the SSID for your broadcast SSID and you can also
	configure multiple SSID at the same time.
Step6	Verify the VLAN identifier to separate services among clients
Step7	Set the authentication settings.
Step8	Click Apply to save all changes.

NOTE

For more advanced settings, refer to the previous chapters.

Wireless Client	
Step1	Select the wireless mode with which you want to associate.
	Use site survey to scan nearby Access Point and either select the
Step2	Access Point to which you want to connect, or enter the SSID
	manually.
Step3	Configure the VLAN ID in your wireless device if available.
Step4	Select the appropriate authentication type and password.

NOTE

NOTE

Access Point Mode does not provide DHCP server, so the Wireless Client IP address must be configured manually using the same Local Area Network subnet.

12.2 Client Bridge Mode

Client Bridge Mode functions like a wireless dongle. It must connect to an Access Point/AP Router to join the network.



Refer to Chapter	13 to ch	neck the	Access	Point's	configuration
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Client Bridge		
Step1	Log in to the Web Configurator with the default IP address	
	192.168.1.1	
Step2	Select your country or region's regulation.	
Step3	For Operation Mode, select Client Bridge from System	
	Properties.	
Stop 4	Use site survey to scan Access Points that are available in	
Siep4	nearby areas.	

Step5	Select the Access Point with which you want to associate.
Stop6	Set up the authentication settings that match the Access Point's
Siepo	settings.
Step7	Click Apply to save all changes.
TIP	

The Client Bridge IP settings must match the Access Point's subnet.

12.3 WDS Bridge Mode

Use this feature to link multiple Access Points in a network. All clients associated with any Access Points can communicate with each other in an ad-hoc manner.



WDS Bridge	
Step1	Log in to the Web Configurator with the default IP address
	192.168.1.1
Step2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step3	For Operation Mode, select WDS Bridge from System
	Properties.
Step4	Select the channel you want to use.
Step5	Set up the authentication settings
Step6	Set up WDS Link Settings.
Step7	Specify the MAC address of the Access Point with which you
	want to connect.
Step8	Click Apply to save all changes.

Each WDS bridge device must use the same Subnet, Wireless Mode, Wireless

Channel, and Security Setting.

12.4 Client Router

In Client Router Mode, the ENH200's internal DHCP server allows LANs to automatically generate an IP address to share the same Internet. Connect an Access Point/WISP wirelessly and connect to LANs using a wired connection.



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Refer to Chapter 13 to check the Access Point's configuration.

Client Router	
Step1	Log in to the Web Configurator with the default IP address
	192.168.1.1
Step2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step3	For Operation Mode, select Client Router from System
	Properties.
Step4	Change your Local Area Network setting to Obtain an IP
	Address Automatically.
Stop5	Use site survey to scan Access Points that are available in
Siepo	nearby areas.
Step6	Select the Access Point with you want to associate.
Stop 7	Set up authentication settings that match the Access Point's
Siepr	settings.
Step8	Set your WAN connection type using the WAN settings provided
	by your ISP.
Step9	Click Apply to save all changes.

Client Router's IP setting must match to the Access Point's subnet.

Chapter 13 Building a Wireless Network

With its ability to operate in various operating modes, your ENH200 is the ideal device around which you can build your WLAN. This appendix describes how to build a WLAN around your ENH200 using he device's operating modes.

13.1 Access Point Mode

In Access Point Mode, ENH200 behaves likes a central connection for stations or clients that support IEEE 802.11b/g/n networks. Stations and client must be configured to use the same SSID and security password to associate with the ENH200. The ENH200 supports four SSIDs at the same time for secure guest access.



13.2 Access Point Mode with WDS Function

The ENH200 Access Point Mode also supports WDS functionality. This operating mode allows wireless connections to the ENH200 using WDS technology. In this mode, configure the MAC addresses in both Access Points to enlarge the wireless area by enabling WDS Link settings. WDS supports eight AP MAC addresses.





Not every Access Point device supports WDS in Access Point Mode. As a result, to use WDS, we recommend you use the ENH200.

13.3 Client Bridge Mode

In Client Bridge Mode, the ENH200 behaves like a wireless client that connects to an Access Point wirelessly and allows users to surf the Internet whenever they want. In this mode, use the ENH200 Site Survey to scan for Access Points within range. Then configure the ENH200 SSID and security password accordingly to associate with the Access Point. In this configuration, the station has a wired Ethernet connection to the ENH200 LAN port.



13.4 WDS Bridge Mode

In WDS Bridge Mode, the ENH200 can wirelessly connect different LANs by configuring the MAC address and security settings of each ENH200 device. Use this mode when two wired LANs located a small distance apart want to communicate with each other. The best solution is to use the ENH200 to wirelessly connect two wired LANs, as shown in the following figure. WDS Bridge Mode can establish 16 WDS links, creating a star-like network.





WDS Bridge Mode is unlike Access Point. Access Points linked by WDS are using the same frequency channel, more Access Points connected together may lower throughput. Please be aware to avoid loop in your wireless connection, otherwise enable Spanning Tree Function.

13.5 Client Router Mode

In Client Router Mode, the ENH200's internal DHCP server allows a number of LANs to automatically generate IP addresses to share the same Internet. In this mode, connect an AP/WISP wirelessly and connect to LANs via a wired connection.



13.6 RADIUS Connections

Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) authentication is available when configuring the ENH200 wireless advanced settings (see Chapter 8). Use this feature if you have a RADIUS server. WPA(TKIP), WPA2(AES), and WPA2 Mixed encryption types are also supported.

The following figure shows an example of a RADIUS configuration, where two ENH200 devices installed at different locations communicate with each other wirelessly. In this configuration, one ENH200 is configured for Access Point Mode and connected to a RADIUS server via a switch, while the other ENH200 is configured for Client Bridge Mode. The RADIUS server uses an authentication scheme such as PAP or CHAP to verify a user's identification, along with, optionally, other information related to the request, such as the user's network address or phone number, account status and specific network service access privileges. The RADIUS server then returns one of three responses to the ENH200 : Access Reject (user is denied access to all requested network resources), Access Challenge (requests additional information from the user such as a secondary password), PIN, token or card), or Access Accept (user is granted access).



Appendix A – Troubleshooting

This appendix provides problem-solving information you may find useful in case you need to troubleshoot your ENH200. It also includes information about contacting technical support.

A.1 Problem Solving

Question	Answer
How do I reset the ENH200?	There are two ways to reset the ENH200, a
	hardware method and a software method. Both
	methods return the ENH200 to its factory
	default configuration.
	To use the hardware method, open the cover
	on the bottom panel of the ENH200 and find
	the Reset button (see section 2.1). Using a flat
	object such as a pencil, press the Reset button
	for approximately 10 seconds and then stop
	pressing.
	To use the software method, click Restore to
	Factory Default in the Management menu.
Why do I not see traffic pass after I connect the	The ENH200 uses a proprietary PoE injector and
ENH200 to a PoE switch?	will not work with standard 802.3af-compliant
	PoE switches.
What is the default IP address of the ENH200?	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1
I plugged the PoE to the second Ethernet port	You need to plug the Ethernet cable connect to
on the back of ENH200 but the unit is not on,	PoE injector to the main LAN port. The
how come?	secondary Ethernet port is just an additional
	LAN port for regular Ethernet connection such
	as IP camera
When I install the PoE connection to the	The ENH200 uses a proprietary PoE injector and
ENH200, what kind of PoE should I use?	will not work with standard 802.3af-compliant
	PoE switches.
I want to use higher gain antennas on the	Use the antenna appropriate for the frequency.
ENH200, but I don't know what antenna is	(2.4 GHz)
right.	
I want to buy a high-gain antenna for the	Use an antenna with a SMA connector to
ENH200, but I don't know what type of	connect to the ENH200.
antenna and RF connector to buy.	

A.2 Contacting Technical Support

If you encounter issues that cannot be resolved using this manual, please contact your vendor where you purchase the device. If you cannot contact your vendor, you may also contact EnGenius Customer Service department in the region where you purchased the device.

Before you contact your local EnGenius office, please prepare the following information:

- Product model name and serial number
- The place where you purchased the product
- Warranty information
- The date when you received the product
- A brief description about the issue and the attempts you tried to resolve it

To contact EnGenius Customer Service office in the United States, please use either of the following methods:

- Email: Support@EnGeniustech.com
- Telephone: 1-888-735-7888

Appendix B – Specifications

Standard:	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n			
Physical Interface:	- 1 x Port with PoE support			
	- 1 x Port			
	- 1 x Reset			
Max. Data rate:	150 Mbps			
LEDs status:	- Power Status			
	- LAN1/LAN2 (10/100Mbps)			
	- WLAN (Wireless is up)			
	- 3 x Link Quality (Client Bridge	- 3 x Link Quality (Client Bridge mode)		
Security:	- WEP Encryption-64/128/152 b	it		
	- WPA/WPA2 Personal (WPA-PS	SK using TKIP or AES)		
	- WPA/WPA2 Enterprise (WPA-	EAP using TKIP)		
	- 802.1x Authenticator			
	- Hide SSID in beacons			
	- MAC address filtering, up to 5	0 field		
	- Wireless STA (Client) connected list			
Power Requirements:	- Active Ethernet (Power over Ethernet)			
	- Proprietary PoE design			
	- Power Adapter 24VAC / 0.6A			
	Internal Directional 10dBi			
Antenna:	Internal Directional 10dBi			
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R)	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set	ΆΡ(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Certifications:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm)	AP(ENH200) Rx Sensitivity Optimal (dBm)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel 802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz)	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm)	AP(ENH200) Rx Sensitivity Optimal (dBm)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel 802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz) 1Mbps:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm) 27	AP(ENH200) Rx Sensitivity Optimal (dBm) -97		
Antenna: Package Contents: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel 802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz) 1Mbps: 2Mbps:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm) 27 27 27	AP(ENH200) Rx Sensitivity Optimal (dBm) -97 -95		
Antenna: Package Contents: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel 802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz) 1Mbps: 2Mbps: 5.5Mbps:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm) 27 27 27 27 27 27	AP(ENH200) Rx Sensitivity Optimal (dBm) -97 -95 -92		
Antenna: Package Contents: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel 802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz) 1Mbps: 2Mbps: 5.5Mbps: 11Mbps:	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm) 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	AP(ENH200)		
Antenna: Package Contents: Package Contents: Certifications: RADIO FREQUENCY BAND Channel 802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz) 1Mbps: 2Mbps: 5.5Mbps: 11Mbps: 802.11g(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz)	Internal Directional 10dBi - Wireless Long Range 11N CB/ - PoE Injector (EPE-24R) - Power Adaptor - CD with User's Manual - QIG - Mounting Set - Special screw set FCC, CE, IC Tx Avg. Power Optimal (dBm) 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	AP(ENH200)		

9Mbps:	26	-93		
12Mbps:	26	-89		
18Mbps:	26	-85		
24Mbps:	25	-81		
36Mbps:	24	-79		
48Mbps:	23	-76		
54Mbps:	22	-75		
802.11n(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz)				
MCS0 / MCS8:	26	-95		
MCS1 / MCS9:	26	-92		
MCS2 / MCS10:	26	-87		
MCS3 / MCS11:	26	-85		
MCS4 / MCS12:	24	-80		
MCS5 / MCS13:	23	-79		
MCS6 / MCS14:	22	-74		
MCS7 / MCS15:	21	-73		
ENVIRONMENT & MECHANICAL				
Tomo anatura Danasa	Operating -20°C ~ 70°C (-4°F to 158° F)			
	Storage -30°C ~ 80°C (-22° F to 176°F)			
Humidity (non-condensing):	0%~90 % typical			
Waterproof:	IP55			

Appendix C – Glossary

Access Point

A base station in a WLAN that act as a central transmitter and receiver of WLAN radio signals. Ad Hoc Network

A short-term WLAN framework created between two or more WLAN adapters, without going through an Access Point. An ad hoc network lets computers send data directly to and from one another. For an ad hoc network to work, each computer on the network needs a WLAN card installed configured for Ad Hoc mode.

Antenna

A device that sends and receives radio-frequency (RF) signals. Often camouflaged on existing buildings, trees, water towers or other tall structures, the size and shape of antennas are generally determined by the frequency of the signal they manage.

Authentication

A process that verifies the identity of a wireless device or end-user. A common form of authentication is to verify identities by checking a user name and password to allow network access.

Backbone

A high-speed line or series of connections that form a major pathway within a network. Bandwidth

The part of the frequency spectrum required to transmit desired information. Each radio channel has a center frequency and additional frequencies above and below this carrier frequency that carry the transmitted information. The range of frequencies from the lowest to the highest used is called the bandwidth.

Bridge

A wireless device that connects multiple networks that are physically separate or use different media, but which use similar standards.

Bridge Mode

An Access Pointy in bridge mode can operate as a WLAN bridge that connects two wired network segments. The peer device also must be in bridge mode. This wireless bridge connection is equivalent to a Wireless Distribution System (WDS).

CHAP

Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol. An alternative protocol that uses a challenge/response technique instead of sending passwords over the wire.

Collision

Interference resulting from two network devices sending data at the same time. The network detects the collision of the two transmitted packets and discards both of them.

Coverage

The region within which a paging receiver can reliably receive the transmission of paging signals. **Coverage Area**

The geographical area that can be served by a mobile communications network or system. **Coverage Hole**

An area within the radio coverage footprint of a wireless system where the RF signal level is below the design threshold. Physical obstructions such as buildings, foliage, hills, tunnels, and indoor parking garages are usually the cause of coverage holes.

Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

A common technique for detecting data transmission errors.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

A protocol that assigns temporary IP addresses automatically to client stations logging onto an IP network, so the IP addresses do not have to be assigned manually. The ENH200 contains an internal DHCP server that automatically allocates IP address using a user-defined range of IP addresses.

Dead Spot

An area within the coverage area of a WLAN where there is no coverage or transmission falling off. Electronic interference or physical barriers such as hills, tunnels, and indoor parking garages

are usually the cause of dead spots. See also coverage area.

802.11

A category of WLAN standards defined by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

802.11a

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operate at 5 GHz, with data rates up to 54 Mbps.

802.11b

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operate at 2.4 GHz, with data rates up to 11 Mbps.

802.11g

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operates at 2.4 GHz, with data rate of 300 Mbps. The new standard also raises the encryption bar to WPA2. The 40 HT option can be added to increase the data rate.

Encryption

Translates data into a secret code to achieve data security. To read an encrypted file, you must have a secret key or password for decryption. Unencrypted data is referred to as plain text; encrypted data is referred to as cipher text

ESS ID

The unique identifier for an ESS. All Access Points and their associated wireless stations in the same group must have the same ESSID.

Footprint

Geographical areas where an entity is licensed to broadcast its signal.

Gateway

A computer system or other device that acts as a translator between two systems that use different communication protocols, data formatting structures, languages, and/or architecture.

HT mode

In the 802.11n system, two new formats, called High Throughput (HT), are defined for the Physical Layer, Mixed Mode, and Green Field. If a system runs 40 HT, two adjacent 20 MHz channels are used. The larger 40 MHz bandwidth can provide better transmit quality and speed.

Keys

Like passwords, keys open (decrypt) and close (encrypt) messages. While many encryption algorithms are commonly known and public, the key must be kept secret.

Local-Area Network (LAN)

A small data network covering a limited area, such as a building or group of buildings. Most LANs connect workstations or personal computers. LANs let many users share devices such as printers as well as data. LANs also facilitate communication through e-mail or chat sessions. Media Access Control (MAC) Address

Address associated with every hardware device on the network. Every 802.11 wireless device has its own specific MAC address. This unique identifier is hard-coded into the device and can be used to provide security for WLANs. When a network uses a MAC table, only the 802.11 radios

that have their MAC addresses added to that network's MAC table can access the network.

Network Address Translation (NAT)

An Internet standard that lets a LAN use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic.

Network Time Protocol (NTP)

A protocol that lets devices synchronize their time with a time server. NTP uses TCP or UDP port 123 by default.

Passphrase

A text string that automatically generates WEP keys on wireless client adapters.

Power Over Ethernet (PoE)

A PoE provides power to PoE-enabled devices using an 8-pin CAT 5 Ethernet cable, eliminating the need for a power source.

Preamble

Synchronizes transmissions in a WLAN. The preamble type defines the length of the Cyclic Redundancy Check block for communication between a device and roaming wireless stations. **Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP)**

Authentication protocol of IEEE 802.1x used to send authentication data and passwords over 802.11 WLANs.

Quality of Service (QoS)

A network's ability to deliver data with minimum delay. QoS also refers to the networking methods used to provide bandwidth for real-time multimedia applications.

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)

Networking protocol that provides centralized authentication, authorization, and accounting management for computers to connect and use a network service. Because of its broad support and ubiquitous nature, the RADIUS protocol is often used by ISPs and enterprises to manage access to the Internet or internal networks, WLANs, and integrated e-mail services.

Service Set Identifier (SSID)

Name of a WLAN. All wireless devices on a WLAN must use the same SSID to communicate with each other.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

An Internet-standard protocol for managing devices on IP networks.

Snooping

Passively watching a network for data, such as passwords, that can be used to benefit a hacker.

Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)

An encryption protocol that uses 128-bit keys. Keys are dynamically generated and distributed by the authentication server. TKIP regularly changes and rotates encryption keys, with an encryption key never being used twice.

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

A protocol that allows communications over and between networks. TCP/IP is the basis for Internet communications.

Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ)

WFQ services queues are based on priority and queue weight. Queues with larger weights get more service than queues with smaller weights. This highly efficient queuing mechanism divides available bandwidth across different traffic queues.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

Security protocol that provides a WLAN with a level of security and privacy comparable to that of a wired LAN. WEP encrypts data sent between wired and WLANs to keep transmissions private.

Wireless Local-Area Network (WLAN)

WLANs use RF technology to send and receive data wirelessly in a certain area. This lets users in a small zone send data and share resources such as printers without using cables to physically connect each computer.

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)

A subset of the IEEE 802.11i standard. WPA applies IEEE 802.1x and Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) to authenticate wireless clients using an external RADIUS database. WPA uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP), Message Integrity Check (MIC), and IEEE 802.1x to encrypt data. See also WPA-PSK (WPA -Pre-Shared Key).

Wi-Fi MultiMedia (WMM)

Part of the IEEE 802.11e QoS enhancement to the Wi-Fi standard that ensures quality of service for multimedia applications in WLANs.

Wireless Client Supplicants

Software that runs on an operating system, instructing the wireless client how to use WPA.

WPA -Pre-Shared Key (WPA-PSK)

WPA-PSK requires a single (identical) password entered into each Access Point, wireless gateway, and wireless client. A client is granted access to a WLAN if the passwords match.

WPA2

A wireless security standard that defines stronger encryption, authentication, and key management than WPA. It includes two data encryption algorithms, Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), in the Counter mode with Cipher block chaining Message authentication Code Protocol (CCMP).

Wireless Distribution System (WDS)

A technology that lets Access Points communicate with one another to extend the range of a WLAN.

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE: FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.